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ESTABLISHED 1887

Bonn to Paris: We're Still in Charge

By Roger Cohen
New York Times Service
PARIS—Amid a flurry of unusually sharp disagreements between France and Germany, Western Europe's closest allies, the Bonn government snubbed France on Thursday by abruptly canceling a high-level economic meeting after a French minister suggested that it might lead to a drop in European interest rates.

Kurds Across Europe Wage Violent Anti-Turk Assault

By Marc Fisher
Washington Post Service
BERLIN — Kurdish separatists on Thursday launched their most violent terrorist assault ever, taking 20 people hostage in Munich and attacking Turkish consulates, banks, travel agencies and businesses in coordinated strikes in 28 European cities.

Suit on BCCI Links Ruler Of Abu Dhabi To a Racket

By Sharon Walsh
Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — A trustee for First American Bankshares Inc. filed a civil racketeering suit on Thursday seeking \$1.5 billion from the ruling family of Abu Dhabi and others, alleging for the first time that the ruler of the richest of the Gulf emirates was the driving force behind BCCI.



A special forces police officer in Munich running for cover Thursday shortly after Kurdish gunmen seized the Turkish consulate.

Muslims Arrested in N.Y. In Plot to Blow Up UN

By Lawrence Malkin
International Herald Tribune
NEW YORK — Eight Muslim fundamentalists were arrested in pre-dawn raids on Thursday for planning a wave of terrorism to blow up the United Nations and the New York offices of the FBI, and to cut the commuter tunnels into New York City.

Trade Talks Fail in Tokyo And Darken G-7 Outlook

By Andrew Pollack
New York Times Service
TOKYO — The leading industrial nations failed Thursday to reach agreement on liberalizing trade, dealing a setback to hopes of completing global trade negotiations later this year.

Kiosk House Votes to Dump Supercollider

WASHINGTON (AP) — The House voted overwhelmingly Thursday to kill the \$10 billion supercollider.

This Weekend at the Beach
What's the weather going to be like this weekend at your favorite beach? Beginning Saturday, a weekend weather feature on the Trib's back page will provide forecasts for selected beaches in Europe, Asia, the Caribbean and the West Atlantic.

Lives of Their Own: Teens in U.S., Parents in Taiwan

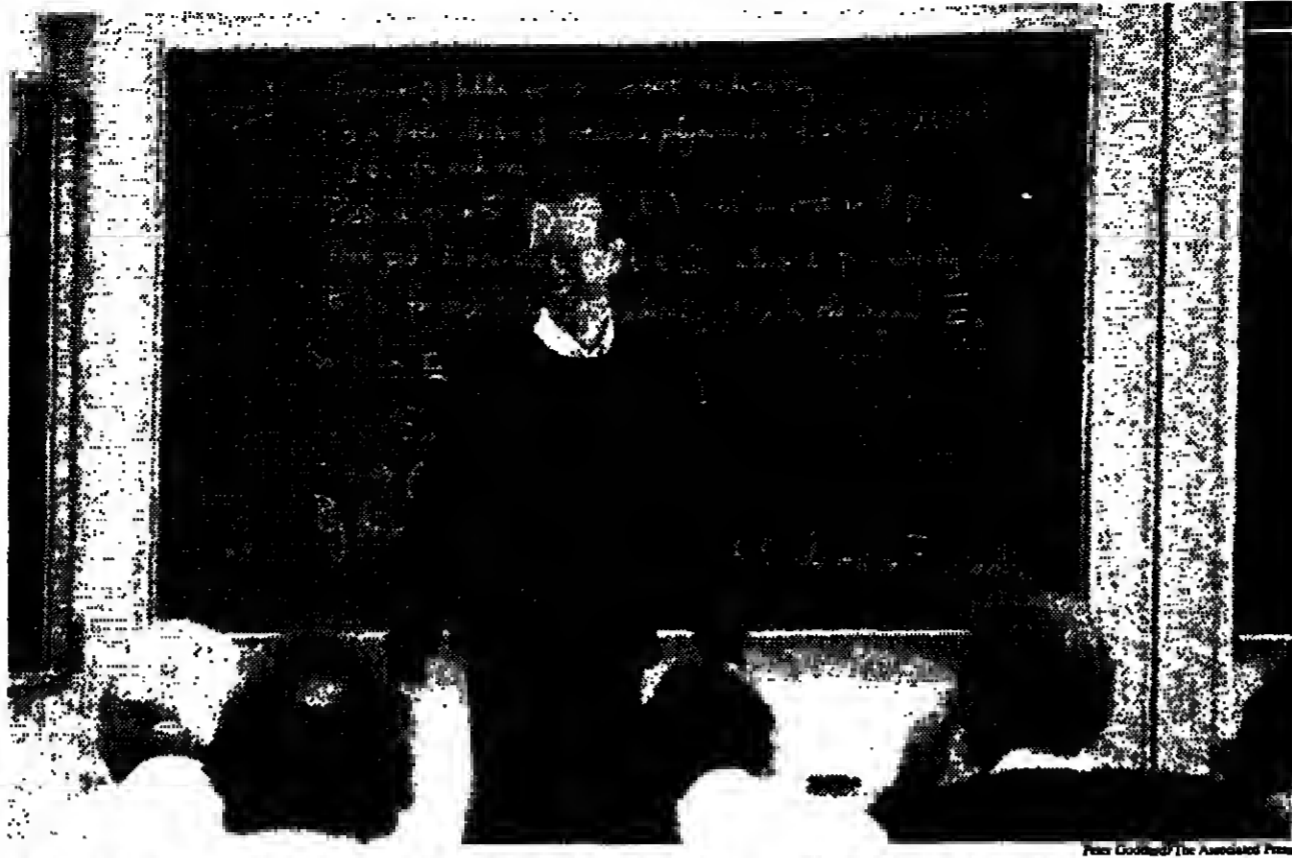
By Denise Hamilton
Los Angeles Times Service
SAN MARINO, California — Craig, a high school senior, lives a fantasy most teenagers only dream. He and his sister, Zoe, 14, live in a sprawling San Marino ranch house, their one chaperon an elderly servant who speaks no English.

U.K. Aide Quits in Scandal

Another Setback For Conservatives
By John Darnton
New York Times Service
LONDON — Prime Minister John Major's government was dealt another blow Thursday as a junior minister for Northern Ireland resigned in a burgeoning scandal over a fugitive businessman with close ties to the Conservative Party.

350 Years Later, Math Conundrum Bites the Dust

By Gina Kolata
New York Times Service
NEW YORK — More than 350 years ago, a French mathematician wrote a deceptively simple theorem in the margins of a book, adding that he had discovered a marvelous proof of it but lacked space to include it in the margin.



Andrew Wiles savored the moment after presenting his proof of Fermat's last theorem at lectures at Cambridge University.

He died without ever offering his proof, and mathematicians have been trying ever since to supply it. Now, after thousands of claims of success that proved untrue, mathematicians say the daunting challenge, perhaps the most famous of unsolved mathematical problems, has at last been surmounted.

The problem is known as Fermat's last theorem, and its apparent conqueror is Andrew Wiles, 40, an English mathematician who works at Princeton University in New Jersey. Mr. Wiles announced the result Wednesday at the last of three lectures given at Cambridge University in England.

Within minutes of the end of his final lecture, computer mail messages were winging around the world as mathematicians alerted each other to the startling and almost wholly unexpected result.

Leonard Adleman of the University of Southern California said he received a message about an hour after Mr. Wiles' announcement. The frenzy is justified, he said. "It's the most exciting thing that's happened in — geez, maybe ever — in mathematics."

more of a reality. This changes the way you approach problems, what you think is possible.

Fermat's last theorem has to do with equations of the form x to the nth power + y to the nth power = z to the nth power. The case where n=2 is familiar as the Pythagorean theorem, which states that the sum of the squares of the lengths of two sides of a right-angled triangle equals the square of the length of the hypotenuse. One such equation is 3 squared + 4 squared = 5 squared, since 9 + 16 = 25.

Fermat's last theorem states that there are no solutions to such equations when n is a whole number greater than 2. This means, for instance, that it would be impossible to find any whole numbers x, y and z such that x cubed + y cubed = z cubed. Thus 3 cubed + 4 cubed (27 + 64) = 91, which is not the cube of any whole number.

cause it is built on a carefully developed edifice of mathematics that goes back more than 30 years and is well accepted by researchers.

But experts cautioned that Mr. Wiles could have made some subtle misstep. Famous and not-so-famous mathematicians have claimed proofs in the past, only to be tripped up by errors.

In 1908, the German Academy of Sciences offered a prize of 100,000 marks for a proof that the theorem was correct. The prize, which still stands though it has been reduced to 7,500 Deutsche marks, about \$4,385, has attracted the world's cranks, Mr. Edwards said. When the Germans said the proof had to be published, "the cranks began publishing their solutions in the vanity press," he said, yielding thousands of booklets. The Germans told him they would even award the prize for a proof that the theorem was not true. Mr. Edwards added, saying that they "would be so overjoyed that they

Fermat's Last Theorem

"The equation x^n + y^n = z^n, where n is an integer greater than 2, has no solution in positive integers."

NYT

wouldn't have to read through these submissions." Mr. Wiles' proof "completes a chain of ideas," said Nicholas Katz of Princeton University. The work leading to the proof began in 1954, when the late Japanese mathematician Yutaka Taniyama made a conjecture about mathematical objects called elliptic curves.

But, Mr. Katz said, mathematicians had no perception through the 1950s to '70s that this had any relationship to Fermat's last theorem.

"They seemed to be on different planes," he said. In the mid-'80s, Gerhard Frey of the University of the Saarlands in Germany "came up with a very strange, very simple connection between the Taniyama conjecture and Fermat's last theorem," Mr. Katz said. "It gave a sort of rough idea that if you knew Taniyama's conjecture you would in fact know Fermat's last theorem."

In 1987, Mr. Ribet proved the connection. Now, Mr. Wiles has shown that a form of the Taniyama conjecture is true and that this implies that Fermat's last theorem must be true. The general idea behind Mr. Wiles' proof was to associate an elliptic curve, which is a mathematical object that looks something like the surface of a donut, with an equation of Fermat's theorem. If the theorem were false and there were indeed solutions to the Fermat equation, a peculiar curve would result. The proof hinged on showing that such a curve could not exist.

Attali, Under Siege, Relies on Mitterrand as Shield

By Joseph Fitchett
International Herald Tribune
PARIS — Fighting for his job as head of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, Jacques Attali has pinned his hopes of surviving attacks on his job as a banker and author on a simple trump card: the support of France's president, Francois Mitterrand.

European governments that expect an outside auditors' report to be damning enough to oust him. Next week in Paris, meetings are scheduled between Mr. Mitterrand and Elie Wiesel, a Nobel prize winner, the two men whose joint manuscript was plundered by Mr. Attali for his own recent book, "Verbatim."

Critics of Mr. Attali have had to bear in mind his presidential friendship, and so far Mr. Mitterrand has shown no sign of considering him a political liability. "Embarrassing as Attali's behavior has become," a former presidential aide said, "Mr. Mitterrand can only disavow him at considerable cost to his own reputation at a time when he needs no fresh questions about his judgment."

Since Mr. Attali's own appointment at the bank expires next year. The potency of presidential blessing in France is even more obvious in the muted tone of public criticism in Paris of the literary improprieties discovered in connection with "Verbatim," an account of Mr. Attali's years as a presidential aide.

But the disclosure about "Verbatim" have not triggered an outcry in Paris. Instead, criticism has focused on his breach of decorum in publishing Mr. Mitterrand's confidential exchanges with foreign leaders still in office and scathing remarks about prominent Socialists who served under him.

Russia Trolley Fire Kills 11

MOSCOW — At least 11 people were killed in Moscow on Thursday when fuel spilling from a ruptured tanker truck set three trolley buses ablaze, a fire brigade official said. The preliminary information is that 11 people are dead and all our people are out there investigating the accident," the official said by telephone.

City emergency officials said a truck carrying concrete slabs had run into the tanker as it was waiting at a traffic light on Dmitrovsky Shosse, a thoroughfare a few kilometers north of the Kremlin. The hatch of the tanker burst off and fuel spurted out to overhead cables of three trolley buses. Fire spread from one to another," said Yuri Sharykin, deputy chairman of the city emergency commission. He said that eight other people had suffered serious burns and an unknown number of others had been treated for lesser injuries.

Japan Ruling Party Seeks Usual Salvation: Money

By James Sterngold
New York Times Service
TOKYO — With Japan preparing for what are likely to be the most bitterly contested national elections in four decades, there are signs that the rapidly unraveling Liberal Democratic Party is seeking to hold itself together with the glue on which it has relied since its creation — money.

Every major newspaper has reported that the Liberal Democrats have gone to the major banks seeking a loan of as much as 20 billion yen (\$185 million) as a campaign war chest. This is not the first time the scandal-plagued party has sought financial assistance on that scale, but there are signs that the alliances of the banks and other major corporations are fraying, with the party on the verge of losing its majority in the Diet, or parliament, for the first time since it was formed in 1955.

Prime Minister Kiichi Miyazawa dissolved the powerful lower house of the Diet on Friday after losing a vote of confidence, in large measure because he failed to satisfy public demands that he reform currently lax campaign finance laws, the source of several scandals. Elections for the 511-seat chamber were called for July 18. Since then, about 20 percent of the party's Diet members have defected to newly formed parties that are seeking to form a coalition government with the opposition.

The election has thus become a race for the political life of the remaining Liberal Democrats, and confronts them with a dilemma — rely on the tried and true, if widely reviled method of using massive spending to beat the opposition, or risk a lower-cost campaign to prove that the old party can cleanse itself. Not least, that has also left big Japanese corporations and banks with a similar dilemma — continue to finance a party that has always put corporate interests and patronage ahead of consumer interests, and thus risk angering the newly refurbished opposition if they should take control of the government, or finance the opposition and risk losing influence with the Liberal Democrats, who will remain the largest party in the Diet. For the most part, money is used to pay campaign workers, who are rarely volunteers in Japanese national elections. Candidates also spend huge sums on posters, offices, sound trucks blaring slogans and the candidates' names, the hiring of young women who often wear uniforms, white gloves and hats as they wave to crowds, and cash gifts the candidates offer supporters when they visit weddings and funerals.

Florida Driver Kills German Tourist

FORT LAUDERDALE, Florida — A German tourist, vacationing with her boyfriend and two children, was killed here by a hit-and-run driver. Witnesses told the police they saw Marion Wohler, 27, of Hannover, running down a beachfront highway early Wednesday. She collapsed in the street and a four-wheel drive vehicle ran over her, said a homicide detective, Steve Palazzo.

The police were trying to determine if the incident was intentional. "There was some indication early on that she may have been chased by somebody," Mr. Palazzo said. "But as yet we have not been able to confirm it." The police said that she was seen leaving a hotel bar by herself about 2 A.M. and that she was killed more than two hours later.

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STATESIDE / THAT'S ENTERTAINMENT

Charm Offensive, Damage Control or an Intimate Dinner at the Clintons?

By Roxanne Roberts

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON—You invite a few people over for drinks and dinner. You talk about work, the kids, and inevitably, politics. It happens every night in Washington. No big deal. Unless you happen to be Bill Clinton.

Shunning more grand feasts of official entertainment, the president and the first lady began a series of private dinner parties this month as a way to meet some of the new neighbors—who happen to be members of the town's political and media establishments—along with a sprinkling of business types, artists and a couple of old friends.

Private is the operative word here: no comment, no pictures, no public guest lists. They're not official dinners, said Neil Lattimore, deputy press secretary to Hillary Rodham Clinton. "These are small, intimate din-

ners with the Clintons and friends." Just like, he said, the parties we all throw for our friends.

Except, of course, it's not. It's the president. Which means, like it or not, people are buzzing about the latest soirees.

"You have to be pretty jaded not to admit that being at a dinner at the White House is a pretty interesting experience," said Susan Spencer, the CBS White House correspondent. "I took my little place card home and I'm going to give it to my mother. She'll be thrilled."

Until now, Washington had been suffering from White House withdrawal. Lacking any big black-tie events at the executive mansion, social, political and media types had been reduced to gossiping from afar about happenings. Those 1,000-person fests on the South Lawn (called "zoo" or "children's" parties by guests), like the press barbecue on June 13, carry no cachet.

But these elegant dinners for 40, dubbed the

"grown-up" parties, are a genuine ace to casually drop in conversation.

Not that anyone is talking—at least not for the record. In keeping with the Clintons' wishes, many of the guests refused to comment on the dinners.

"I consider it a private party," said David McCullough, the author of "Truman."

"I can tell you the food was wonderful, the music was spectacular, and the house never looked better."

Nonetheless, a few details have leaked out: There have been six dinners so far, on June 2, 3, 10, 11, and this Monday and Tuesday. The evenings typically begin at 7:30 with a cocktail hour on the Truman Balcony, with a harp and flute playing in the background. Instead of dispensing the brief receiving line pleasantries of a state dinner, both Clintons circulate freely, charming (according to more than one guest) the socks off everybody.

Usually there is a tour of the Lincoln Bedroom (somebody boomed on the bed, but no one is saying who) and newly decorated Treaty Room. The tour guide? Bill Clinton, pointing out all the neat historic doodads himself. "He's terrific at that kind of thing," said one history buff.

Dinner is served in different settings all around the mansion: in the Green or Blue rooms on the State Floor, or the second-floor Yellow Oval Room leading onto the Truman Balcony, or the East Wing foyer, which looks out on the first lady's garden.

There are four tables of 10, four courses, two wines, and the Army Strings violins in the background. The president's table, said a guest, sounded "like a mini-press conference." The rest of the room sounded the way a successful dinner should: loud, with a lot of laughter and banter.

"Given the setting," said one longtime friend, "this is about as close as you can come to feeling you're over to someone's house for dinner."

It would be cynical and churlish, say friends, to suggest that these dinners are anything but a genuine effort by the Clintons to socialize.

But put your ear to the ground and you'll hear the certain wisdom that this charm offensive is more than a coincidence: It's a smooth courting of Washington insiders and the press. The relationships have been, to put it charitably, somewhat strained. This isn't dinner, it's damage control.

Not so, according to Mrs. Clinton's press secretary, Lisa Caputo, who says the dinners have been planned for some time. "The Clintons made the decision in February to give them in late spring or early summer," she said. The couple wanted, she said, to have ample time to

learn how the White House functions and operates before they began entertaining.

The press relationship is perhaps the trickiest to navigate. After months of seeming to disdain the Washington press corps, the Clintons are now inviting them to dinner. "There was absolutely no sense of business about this evening," said one journalist. "Nothing asked, nothing offered. There were no transactions."

But for any reporter, the chance to see the Clintons in a social situation is instructive, and for the Clintons, it's a chance to show themselves, with all their expertise and sophistication, to the press. "I don't think there's any question that this is an attempt to improve press relations," said Jack Nelson of the Los Angeles Times. "I think any time there's more connection it benefits both sides. And I think it benefits the public, because it gets a clearer idea of what the leaders are doing."

Away From Politics

● Astronauts on the space shuttle *Endeavour* grabbed a giant satellite with the shuttle's robot arm Thursday and tacked it into the spacecraft's cargo bay. The reusable European satellite, called *Europa*, will be returned to Earth with its load of scientific experiments.

● A computer science professor was critically injured when a mail bomb exploded at Yale University in New Haven, Connecticut, on Thursday. The victim, the second academic injured by a bomb in recent days, was identified by hospital officials as David Gelernter, 36, associate professor of computer science. On Tuesday, Dr. Charles Epstein, a San Francisco geneticist, was badly injured when he opened a parcel bomb sent to his home in the mail. Published reports, citing law enforcement officials in Washington, said authorities were exploring similarities to a string of at least 12 bombings from 1978 to 1987 in six U.S. states.

● The death of an 84-year-old Colorado woman from a respiratory illness brings to 18 the number of fatalities linked to a rodent virus, health officials said. There have been thirty-four illnesses attributed to the mysterious virus, most of them on or near a Navajo Indian reservation that spreads across parts of Arizona, New Mexico and Utah. Five of the cases were in Colorado.

● AIDS researchers are grappling with the difficult question of whether to change the guidelines that govern the use of the anti-viral drug AZT in view of a major new study that casts doubt on whether the drug prolongs life when taken in the early stages of infection. A federal advisory panel could issue new recommendations as early as this summer that would alter the drug's use. AZT, the most widely prescribed AIDS drug, is now recommended for patients who are infected with the HIV virus that causes AIDS but have not yet developed symptoms of disease.

● States may make it easier to commit mentally retarded people to state facilities against their will than it is to commit the mentally ill, the Supreme Court ruled Tuesday. The court said the constitution did not require the same standards for the retarded and the mentally ill in involuntary commitment proceedings.

AP, LAT, WP, Reuters



LAST RITE—Worshippers at St. Joseph's Church in Worcester, Massachusetts, weeping and saying a rosary while police officers escorted them from their church. They had conducted a 24-hour vigil there for more than a year to keep it from being closed and merged with another French Canadian parish. The local Roman Catholic archdiocese had obtained a court order to force them out.

Tax Increases on Fuel and Pensions Survive Senate Battle

By Paul F. Horvitz

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON—In a second day of grinding debate, Senate Democrats narrowly defeated a series of Republican efforts Thursday to undermine President Bill Clinton's five-year budget package.

A move to kill a modest gasoline tax increase was beaten by a two-to-one margin. A similar move against the Democrats' plan to increase taxes on public pensions under Social Security fell just short.

A highly partisan tone pervaded the debate as the senators moved toward an expected late-evening vote on the overall budget plan. According to Mr. Clinton and his Democratic allies, the plan would result in more than \$500 billion in cuts in the federal deficit through 1998.

The president continued to lobby wavering members of his own party, many of whom face re-election in 1994. They fear that casting votes to raise gasoline taxes or to enlarge the tax burden on Social Security recipients will be used against them by Republican challengers.

One such Democrat, Senator Frank R. Lautenberg of New Jersey, told the president at midday that he would vote against the package.

"He was annoyed, to say the least," Mr. Lautenberg said. Three liberal Democrats, meanwhile, said they had finally agreed to vote with the president after persuading Senate leaders to restore \$9 billion in health insurance funding. Republicans continued to strenuously oppose all tax increases and offered amendments to change nearly every major facet of the bill.

This prompted Senator George J. Mitchell of Maine, the Democratic leader in the Senate, to comment: "If President Clinton tomorrow sent a bill up here to raise apple pie and motherhood, I probably wouldn't touch it. The Republicans would offer an amendment that says apple pie is evil and motherhood is a bad idea."

The Republicans failed Wednesday night in an effort to pass a "tax-free alternative" to the overall bill that would still yield \$500 billion in deficit reduction. The measure was beaten on a 55-to-43 procedural vote in a body that has 56 Democrats and 44 Republicans.

Senator Alfonse M. D'Amato, a New York Republican, raised a large poster of a dinosaur labeled "Tax-a-Saurus" and stabbed it with a golf-club-sized pencil as he declared his opposition to any tax increases to reduce the deficit.

"Let's kill the Tax-a-Saurus," he shouted. "Finish it!" Senator David L. Boren, an Oklahoma Democrat, called the Republican effort "a political charade."

His colleagues asserted that any attempt to avoid new taxes amounted to a shield for wealthy Americans whose incomes rose and whose taxes fell during the 1980s. The heart of the Republican plan was a cap on the growth of such mandated spending as the Medicare health insurance program for the elderly, Medicaid coverage for the poor, food stamps, welfare, veterans' benefits and farm price supports. Many economists say these "entitlement" programs comprise a runaway engine of deficit-spending in the U.S. budget.

But Democrats maintained

Wednesday that the cap was, as Senator Jim Sasser of Tennessee put it, "political hocus-pocus" because it set a broad ceiling on spending without any description of whose benefits should be cut to achieve the lower level.

On Thursday, the Republican effort to kill a 4.3-cent-a-gallon tax increase on gasoline, diesel and jet fuel lost on a 50-to-48 vote.

Just outside, Ross Perot, the Dallas businessman, held a news conference to urge more spending cuts and less parsimony.

The Senate bill, most of which is supported by Mr. Clinton, contains \$250 billion in tax increases and \$100 billion in specific spending cuts. An amendment backed by the Democrats would impose a five-year freeze on all federal spending except entitlements and debt ser-

POLITICAL NOTES

For Health Plan, It's See You in September

WASHINGTON—The Clinton administration now appears likely to delay introduction of its health care plan until at least September, according to administration sources and members of Congress who met with Hillary Rodham Clinton.

After a meeting with House supporters of a single-payer, Canadian-style approach to health care, Mrs. Clinton, who heads a task force on overhauling the health-care system, said that the administration was prepared to move with its package as soon as Congress completed the budget reconciliation process. "As soon as it's over, we're ready," she said.

But while officials emphasized that the White House had made no final decision on further delaying the package—originally scheduled to be introduced in May—budget reconciliation is likely to continue through July, and then Congress is in recess for most of August. One White House official suggested that September would be "the earliest" that health care legislation could be introduced, and a game plan for promoting its passage could be put in place. (WFP)

Scowcroft Group: Think Tank as SWAT Team

WASHINGTON—In Washington, old bureaucrats never fade away. They just incorporate.

Some of the leading lights of George Bush's foreign policy team have popped up again, calling a news conference to try to recapture the spotlight they enjoyed when they were helping to break up the Soviet Union and putting together the coalition against Saddam Hussein.

Brent Scowcroft, Mr. Bush's national security adviser, joined Lawrence S. Eagleburger, Mr. Bush's last secretary of state; Robert M. Gates, his director of central intelligence; Carla A. Hills, his trade representative, and other former officials in a law firm's borrowed conference room, repackaging themselves as a nonprofit group called the Forum for International Policy. To give the group a nonpartisan gloss, two Democratic lawyers and party leaders, Lloyd N. Cutler and Robert S. Strauss, sit on its board. (NYT)

Quote/Unquote

Daniel S. Goldin, administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, after the space station was spared in the House of Representatives by a one-vote margin: "America would have stepped off the field and said we're out of the human space flight program, out of the future of technology and we're going to sit in the bleachers and watch the world go by." (WFP)

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Hannah Troy, Designer of the Petite Size, Dies

New York Times Service
Hannah Troy, 93, an influential women's fashion designer and manufacturer who invented the petite size and introduced modern Italian styles to the United States, died of a heart attack Tuesday in Miami Beach.

Her two major contributions to fashion resulted from chance and keen observation.

"I was at a May Company store in California when I noticed women pulling at their shoulders and waistlines and saw that most dresses didn't fit properly," she recalled from the late 1940s. Alterations were troublesome and sometimes spoiled the design.

On a hunch that the long-waisted ideal female form was more myth than reality, she studied measurements the military had made of women who volunteered in World War II. The statistics confirmed that the typical woman was short-waisted.

So Mrs. Troy introduced the petite size, saying, "The word had a nice ring." The concept proved a popular success.

Maurice Gally, 75, president of the Lyette Francaise de New York for more than three decades, died June 11 after a long illness in Man-

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Foes Assail Salinas On Plan for Capital

By Tim Golden
MEXICO CITY — In a half step toward meeting demands for greater democracy in the hemisphere's biggest metropolis, the administration of President Carlos Salinas de Gortari has proposed a new form of government for Mexico City.

Mayor Manuel Camacho Solis, who drafted the new plan, is considered one of two leading contenders. Elections are scheduled for August 1994.



GAG RULE — A New Delhi policeman preventing an activist from shouting anti-government slogans at a ceremony Thursday.

Deciding Economy Will Go Better With Coke, New Delhi Invites It to Return

NEW DELHI — India has reopened its doors to Coca-Cola after 16 years. A cabinet committee on foreign investment gave Coca-Cola approval Wednesday to set up a wholly owned subsidiary in India, which is undergoing sweeping economic reforms.

Coca-Cola pulled out of India in 1977 after the government insisted it reveal the formula for its soft drink, a closely guarded secret.

A government spokesman said Coca-Cola would invest an estimated 600 million rupees (about \$20 million) in the new project.

Canadian Province Preserves Vast Tract

By Charles Trueheart

WASHINGTON POST SERVICE

TORONTO — British Columbia's provincial government, putting preservation ahead of development, has decided to safeguard a vast northern wilderness populated by grizzly bears, wolves and bald eagles from the environmental ravages of mining.

He had reached the politically thankless conclusion that the preservation of wilderness and the proposed mining activities could co-exist.

Mining industry demonstrators heckled Mr. Harcourt as he made his announcement. Windy Craggy officials vowed to seek several hundred million dollars in compensation for non-useless mineral leases.

While we recognize there will be economic costs from this decision, the benefits to the global environment from this world wilderness reserve are unmatched," Mr. Harcourt said.

The government's decision in effect kills plans to build the hemisphere's largest open-pit copper and gold mine, the \$430 million Windy Craggy project.

Environmental groups had contended that acid runoff from the mine would spoil the area's fragile ecosystem and undermine salmon on fisheries downstream on the Pacific coast of Alaska. Mr. Harcourt said.

Accord in Israeli Spud War

JERUSALEM — The McDonald's fast-food chain said Thursday it would open in Israel, ending an impasse over its refusal to buy locally produced potatoes. The company said Israeli investors would build a plant to produce fries that meet the chain's specifications, and McDonald's would seek to import potatoes until the plant is operational in mid-1994.

REAL ESTATE MARKETPLACE

Grid of real estate listings under the heading 'REAL ESTATE MARKETPLACE'. Includes sections for 'REAL ESTATE SERVICES', 'REAL ESTATE FOR SALE', 'REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE', and 'FOR SUMMER RENTALS'. Lists various properties with details like location, size, and price.

Large real estate advertisement for 'Palais de Justice in Versailles' and 'ESTATE IN FOUQUEUX (Yvelines)'. Features a main residence with 2 adjacent wings, garden shelter, greenhouse, and artist's atelier. Starting price: FF 20 million.

Advertisement for 'Country Manor in the South of France'. 200 year old chateau on 3 levels (1600 sq.m.), unique to the region and renovated 1991-1992 to the highest standards.

Advertisement for 'FRENCH PROVINCES CHAMONIX'. Recently renovated luxurious chateau 'Premier de cordier' facing south, overlooking view of Mont Blanc.

Advertisement for 'TURKIYE Desirable Marmaris/Icmeler'. Walk to shore from unique mountain side, pool home. Tennis court, 5 bdr, 3 baths.

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Advertisement for 'CHANGE FOR THE SOUTH'. 600m RER line C, between MONTLHERY and ARPAJON 30 min. PARIS. UNBEATABLE PRICE.

Advertisement for 'Gstaad-Rougemont-Château-d'Oex'. High quality chalets/Apartments. CF COMPAGNIE FONCIERE.

Advertisement for 'PARK + AGENCE' real estate services. Beautiful modern apartment. 120 sqm, 2 bedrooms, terrace, 105 sqm.

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Advertisement for '1000 Houses For sale by French Notaires'. In Champagne, Ardenne and Moselle. Free brochures on demand.

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Advertisement for 'DOUGLAS ELLMAN' real estate services. NEW CANAAN, CT. Outstanding Contemporary situated on 12000 sq. ft. lot.

Large vertical advertisement on the right edge of the page. Includes text like 'split in Bo...', 'Rights Con...', 'Assaults Bo...', 'BETTER THAN A HOTEL BRISTOL PLAZA', and 'Africa Alleg...'

INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

The Quarrel Over Steel

Of all the world's trade quarrels, none is more intractable or inflammatory than the quarrel over steel. The industry is hugely overbuilt, enabling it to make far more steel than anyone will buy. But haunted by high unemployment, governments cringe at the thought of closing steel mills. Instead, to protect jobs and exports, they pour out subsidies that violate U.S. trade law.

For a Total Test Ban, Now

Ever since World War II the planet has lived with the threat of nuclear war. Thirty years ago, the Limited Test Ban Treaty drove British, Soviet and U.S. nuclear tests underground. But a total ban on nuclear tests has eluded the world's grasp.

Now, Fear of Breathing?

The air that circulates through jumbo jets is not as fresh as it used to be. To economize on fuel, the newer planes charge cabin air less frequently than older models do—every six minutes, or longer, versus every three minutes.

Other Comment

In Vienna, a Rights Milestone
The first world conference on human rights in 25 years, currently being held in Vienna, is a milestone in history despite the fact that much of the media has chosen to ignore or severely downplay the event.

The Moscow Sun Lights the Road to Tokyo

MOSCOW—A remarkable ray of sunshine has begun to pierce the dire Moscow mood, with predictions that the worst of the post-Soviet crisis is over and things are starting to pick up. True, the optimism comes more from foreign experts who judge as outsiders than from engaged Russian officials, led alone the general public struggling to get through each day.



The West Must Decide What It Intends for Russia

PARIS—The West's interest in not letting Russia revert to totalitarianism is evident. The direction Russia takes will decisively influence the geopolitical future of much of the world. Without significant assistance, the country will not be able to negotiate the transition to democracy and to a market economy.

China: The Regions' New Strength Saps the Center

HONG KONG—Economists have finally recognized that China's economy is one of the world's largest. But before China becomes number one—which will probably happen within the next generation—it is time to recognize another emerging reality about China: The power of its regions is steadily growing, eroding Beijing's hold.

Consider This Broader Set of Rights

NEW YORK—The United Nations human rights conference in Vienna has focused attention on a longstanding debate: Who decides what constitutes a human right? The United States is on shaky ground in that debate.

Be Prepared For Bosnia To Crumble

By Jim Hoagland
WASHINGTON—The war in Bosnia has dragged on longer than many expert observers expected. But there is a strong chance that it will now end much more rapidly than the world anticipates, bringing a sudden humanitarian disaster that could dwarf the suffering already seen.

1893: Queen's Comedie

LONDON—By command of the Queen a contingent of the Comedie-Francaise will give a performance at Windsor Castle next week. The pieces selected for that evening are 'L'Eté de la St. Martin' and 'La Joie Fait Peur'.

1943: Dying for Centuries

SOMEWHERE IN ENGLAND—[By John Steinbeck. From our New York edition.] A small United Service Organization unit is aboard this troopship, girls and men who are going out to entertain troops wherever they may be sent.

1918: Retreat in Italy

ROME—General Diaz today [June 24] issued the following communique: During the daytime yesterday we achieved the supreme result of our victory. Pressed against the banks of the Piave, on a strip of ground becoming ever narrower, bombarded ceaselessly by our artillery and aeroplanes, the enemy, after clinging to the right bank desperately for a week

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OPINION

Ever Savvy and Stalwart, Above All She Had Heart

By William Safire

WASHINGTON — The only time I saw Pat Nixon get teary with her husband was when he invited their Irish setter, King Timahoe, to climb up on a newly recovered couch in his White House office; it offended her frugal soul and she let Richard Nixon know it.

Pat Nixon did not want her husband to go back into politics after the defeat he suffered in 1960 and 1962, but once committed, nobody was more stalwart.

private office, where he kept it as a reminder of the old days.

Fifty-three years married to the most inescapable political figure of our time: What do friends of Thelma Patricia Ryan Nixon remember?

I met her in the mid-'60s as her first comeback began, when she posed as "Miss Ryan," a volunteer answering political calls in her husband's New York law office.

She was politically savvy, an asset on the trail, and not just for patenting that rapt look listening to the same speech for the umpteenth time.

Nobody came up a harder way, she worked as a field hand on a truck farm; at 12, when her mother died, she kept house while scrubbing floors at a local bank to help her brothers get through college.

She worked as an X-ray technician, movie extra, store clerk, scrimping to attend the University of Southern California, where she was graduated cum laude and became a high school teacher.

Because she did not come from the world or generation of many of her interviewees, she could say, "I'm not like all you, all those people who had it

easy." Mr. Nixon resented the "too-good-to-be-true" decision aimed at her, telling me, "They criticize her because she happens to have the virtues that are no longer fashionable — she has great character and determination."

His cousin, the novelist Jessamyn West, described Pat's face as "a private face, by bone structure, by its owner's temperament, by her punishing and cruel experiences as a girl, by the reason of 30 years of political exposure."

We remember famous pictures of that private face in pain, fighting back tears at her husband's side in his moments of defeat.

She did not want him to go back into politics after his defeats of 1960 and 1962, but once committed, nobody was more stalwart.

Thailand vs. the Smugglers

Regarding the report "Amid Chaos in Cambodia, Raiders Carry Off Temple Treasures" (May 19):

Thailand is also concerned about illicit trafficking of world cultural objects. We are deeply disturbed at the implication of Thailand's lack of responsibility and effectiveness in dealing with these acts.

Thailand has always opposed any kind of illicit traffic. The Thai government has encouraged neither import nor export of cultural materials. In fact, Thailand, like Cambodia, has been robbed of her natural treasures.

Due to the long stretch of border between Thailand and Cambodia, it is difficult for Thai authorities to stop all smuggling. But in recognition of the need to protect and preserve the world's cultural heritage for future generations, Thailand has long participated in various treaties and organizations for the conservation of historic art objects.

Thailand, for example, is a participant in the conference for Safeguarding and Development of the Historical Area of Angkor Wat, with Japan, France and UNESCO as the leading coordinators.

RAVEE HONGSAPRABHAS, Deputy Director-General for Information, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Bangkok.

On U.S. Health Reform

Regarding "Focusing Like a Laser on Medical Costs" (Opinion, May 12):

I also underwent medical treatment to avert renal detachment, not in France but in Britain, where for 24 years I have been registered with the National Health Service, and as a result my treatment didn't cost me a penny.

I can't imagine my native United States ever going for so "socialist" a medical-coverage plan as the compre-

hensive British version, but surely the day has to come when it will accept a more palatable variant, like the Canadian, French or German model.

JACK PITMAN, London.

Extend Card Coverage

Regarding the report "American Express Acts To Open Airlines Plan To All Its Cardholders" (June 11):

The action to be taken by American Express to end the anomaly that excludes cardholders outside the United States from its Membership Miles program is commendable.

But another American Express benefit yet to be addressed is the Collision Damage Waiver for car rentals within the United States, when rented with American Express cards. Like several other credit cards, American Express provides collision damage coverage, but only with dollar cards serviced from the United States.

Statewide cards are issued only to customers permanently resident there. Consequently, when traveling within the United States, whether for business or pleasure, international dollar cardholders are excluded from the Collision Damage Waiver benefit.

Since American Express has acknowledged and is in the process of correcting the inequity regarding the Membership Miles program, let us hope this consideration will also be extended to the similar inequity concerning collision damage coverage for car rentals.

R. MAXWELL FISH, Sevrán, France.

Homosexuals' Worth

Regarding "Witching and Homosexuals" (Letter, June 3):

Well done, Leslie Schenk! Your letter reminds us of facts about homosexuals that should be obvious to all. They are talented, reliable, tolerant and enthusiastic. In my experience in the air wars over Europe, Korea, Vietnam and in the Cold War, as a jet bomber pilot and commander, their performance has been flawless. In spite of discrimination, ridicule and harassment their contribution is probably greater than that of all other services combined.

CHARLES H. MIXON, Lieutenant Colonel, U.S. Air Force (retired), London.

Taking a Cue From Ford

Regarding "Europe's Auto Industry Tries to Turn a Corner" (June 2):

Europe's auto executives have obviously never heard how Henry Ford

raised his workers' salaries so they could buy Ford cars. These days the executives raise their own salaries and fire the workers. Who do they think will be able to buy and run a car — robots?

RICHARD FREMANTLE, Florence.



LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Bad Vibes and Not Laptops Are Fliers' Frequent Woe

By Andy Rooney

NEW YORK — Several airlines have alienated — that is, further alienated — important passengers by banning the use of laptop computers for part of any flight.

The airlines say pilots have complained that their navigational instruments have been inexplicably disrupted

as soon as a passenger looks for a place to put a coat in the overhead compartment. For some time, major manufacturers have delivered new aircraft with the compartments pre-filled. Even when you are one of the first passengers on board, there is no room left above the seats.

The disturbance never occurred before airlines started projecting commercials on the cabin's TV screen before the movie. Commercials have a negative effect on our psyches and those effects produce high levels of bad vibes.

Flight attendants inadvertently produce bad vibes. They do this with their speaking style, which puts passengers' teeth on edge, and by condescending announcements that give undue emphasis to small words and inflate them.

"Fasten your seat belts" would be adequate for a plane load of people who have already fastened them. Instead, the attendant says, "We do ask that you make certain your seat belts are securely fastened." Just plain "fastened" isn't safe enough.

The problem of bad vibes is exacerbated when an attendant announces, "If there is anything we can do to make your flight more enjoyable, please don't hesitate to ask us."

The flight is in no way enjoyable, and everyone knows that the attendants are so busy you couldn't get their attention with a boat hook if you needed the Heimlich maneuver.

Fliers are part of the problem. When a passenger has temporarily put out of his mind the discomfort of flight by turning to a laptop computer, he does not wish to be reminded that the Grand Canyon can be seen on the right.

There is no test for the bad-vibes equivalent of the Richter scale, but when we are loaded on the aircraft and trundled out on the runway before the pilot announces what he has known all along — "departure will be delayed 45 minutes" — the navigational-influencing on board must exceed the Richter equivalent of 7.

It is no help when an hour later — 10 minutes before the take-off — the pilot thanks us for our patience. Fury, not patience, is what we've been feeling, and the gratuitous "thank you" grates nerves.

There is a noticeable increase in the bad-vibes level when passengers who are using laptops, with the help of natural light coming in the windows, are asked to pull down their shades because the movie — with all possibly interesting elements edited out — is about to begin.

The use of a laptop computer is one of the few things that makes a long flight bearable. Before the airlines ban them altogether, I implore them to look into the many sources of interference that seem to have escaped their attention.

The writer is a commentator on the CBS-TV program "60 Minutes." He contributed this view to The New York Times.

MEANWHILE

at times. A Federal Aviation Administration study didn't turn up any evidence confirming the suspicion, but the airlines say they want to be safe.

As a frequently unhappy flier I want to be safe too, but I'd like to offer other explanations for this supposed radio frequency interference.

At the root of the problem is bad vibes. They disturb equipment every time — and there is no place where more of them are set in motion than on a commercial airplane.

A certain level of bad vibes is created

study American laboratories. U.S. medical research is second to none.

Introducing socialized medicine in the United States as proposed by the Clinton administration would be unwise; costs for health care would skyrocket.

HERBERT JOHNSON, Cannes.

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RICHARD FREMANTLE, Florence.

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BOOKS

Some European Restaurants Thrive in Crisis

OPERATION WANDERING SOUL

By Richard Powers. 352 pages. \$23. Morrow.

Reviewed by Bruce Bawer

IF by some measures Richard Powers is the most gifted American novelist of his generation, he is also one of the most unjustly neglected. Though reviewers have been praising him fervently ever since the 1985 appearance of his first novel, "Three Farmers on Their Way to a Dance," and though his third novel, "The Gold Bug Variations," was nominated for a National Book Critics Circle Award and named Time magazine's 1991 book of the year, the 35-year-old Powers has yet to win the wide readership he deserves.

There's no mystery why this is so. Powers's novels are engaging, even exhilarating; almost every sentence invites one to pause and admire its terseness, rhythm and wit, and to marvel at Powers's extraordinary gift for drawing quirky connections and making familiar points to fresh ways.

Yet these books can also, for many readers, be extremely intimidating. His prose swarms with references, often elliptical or punning or both, to obscure historical events, artworks, scientific principles, theological concepts and outdated pop-culture figures; if on one page he discourses learnedly on Anglican choir music, on the next he may move on to the Hanesatic League or the "NBC triad" (the three musical notes that used to identify the network) or Burke (either Edmund or Billie). His books may be masterpieces; if so, they are baby-boom masterpieces in which James Joyce meets Douglas ("Shampoo Planet") Coupland and MTV meets MIT.

Though somewhat more accessible than his predecessors, Powers's fourth novel, "Operation Wandering Soul," represents another bravura display of his dazzling talent. Its hero is Richard Kraft, 33, a surgical resident in Los Angeles, known here as Angel City. Assigned to a public hospital's pediatric ward, Kraft becomes intimately involved with a child therapist,

Linda Espora who soon learns that Kraft is himself an "emotional leper" desperately in need of therapy. Kraft bears the scars of childhood trauma, of current overwork and of sheer helplessness in the face of his patients' misery.

Among those patients are Niccolino, a boy with progeria (a rare genetic disorder characterized by premature aging), and Joy, an Asian girl who came to the United States as a "boat person" only to sustain a life-threatening leg infection. Both suffer terribly; both are also probably precocious, self-possessed and brave. Nor are they the only smart, suffering children here: for various chapters leave Kraft and his charges behind to focus instead on such historical events as the Children's Crusade and the evacuation of London schoolchildren during the Blitz. Linking these materials with Kraft's story is the notion that we are all youngsters dreaming of Never-Land.

"Operation Wandering Soul" might be described as sophisticated's tribute to innocence. Yet there's a paradox: even as the prose's intellectual sophistication seems to imply that maturity is a great and good thing, the narrative explicitly celebrates juvenility and suggests an equation between adulthood and moral corruption.

While this novel plainly seeks to make a weighty moral point, it often seems a dance of death whose morally problematic purpose is less to ponder the anguish of innocents than to show off Powers's fancy footwork.

Indeed, Powers's manifest aspiration to plumb America's meaning (the book begins—where else?—

on the open road, with echoes aptly of Whitman, Kerouac, Paul Anster, Don DeLillo and Updike's "Rabbit" novels) yields wittily nothing but glib, predictable digs about Keatbooks, Starbuck, Mary bars, multiplexes, fast food, sound bites and an American dream of "VCRs for all."

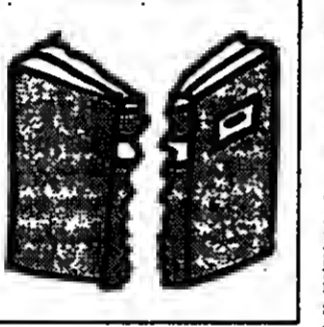
To Powers, America—a "flag-waving, fallen-lance country on whom God once shed His grace like a natter sheds his skin"—would seem to be defined only by the uglier aspects of capitalism, and the New World Order defined only by a stateside host for the "Three hundred fifty million free-market consumers" of the former Soviet bloc. The disdain for America expressed here is, in fact, so simply and arrogantly conceived and arrogantly expressed that it weakens the book appreciably.

Yet what beauty there is in this book! There are paragraphs that readers will want to re-read and again—once, for example, recounting the piteous fate of the participants in the Children's Crusade, and another delineating the thoughts inspired in a Blizz-cracked English schoolteacher by a wonderful boy choir whose "soaring, high, head voices said what it was to be alive, to be anything at all." At its best, one might say, Powers's prose itself soars like the most magnificent of choirs, memorably capturing the moments of joy and anguish, barrenness and grace, that add up to life.

Bruce Bawer, author of "The Asper of Eternity," wrote this for The Washington Post.

WHAT THEY'RE READING

Michael Burton, undersecretary for the Middle East at the British Foreign Office, is reading Rebecca West's "Black Lamb and Grey Falcon." It's a very long and absorbing tale of a journey through Yugoslavia in the '30s, and it's the best book for someone who really wants to understand the present problem. (Michael Kallenbach, IHT)



By Susan Keselenko Coll

LONDON—The expense account may be slashed, and the bank may be calling in the mortgage, but if the thriving business at many European restaurants is any indication, food lovers are not exactly sitting home and crying in their beers.

In England, France, and Germany, where eating establishments are said to have been especially hard hit by the recession, those that have not only survived, but have managed to lure the customer who might otherwise think a good meal was beyond his means.

"Throughout Europe," says Geoffrey Gerardi, managing director of the Lanesborough Hotel in London, "it's almost to the point where people are embarrassed to be seen dining in what used to be known as the most expensive restaurant in town. In these recessionary times it's seen as vulgar to be spending money on that sort of thing." Gerardi speaks from experience: He has witnessed a resurgence of business at his hotel's lavish dining room since it scaled back prices and lightened the menu.

Likewise, Paris's Ritz Hotel, while weathering the recession with perhaps more ease

than others, has still found it necessary to meet customers' subtle demands for "lighter" meals. "People still want to have the best service," says hotel president Frank Klein, "but at the same time they think twice before they spend."

The hotel's Espadon restaurant has responded by both revamping and introducing a fixed-price menu at 250 francs (about \$60) for lunch. "Eight or five years ago, nobody would have thought we would do it at the Ritz," he says of the menu, but since making the change Klein reports an increase in business following a slump that began with the Gulf War.

Not all restaurants admit to hard times, however; Jules Verne at the Eiffel Tower, for example, reports that a dinner reservation still must be booked five to six weeks in advance. And Le Pâché, a small restaurant off the Champs-Élysées said to be frequented by the likes of François Mitterrand, reports that business is steady at roughly 400 francs per head.

The mood in Germany is a similar mix of disgruntled but laced with stories of success. Says Rita Sander, public relations director of Berlin's Brasserie Hotel Kempinski, "Restaurants are suffering, especially very expensive ones... I think many people cook for themselves and go to the restaurants at the corner." Still, the Kempinski has managed to

book the trend with steady business at its newly opened Grill and Hummer restaurant, even at about 40 Deutsche marks (about \$23.50) per course.

Though a reported surge in tourism following the collapse of the Berlin Wall has now subsided, the newly opened Opernpalais gastronomic center in the heart of East Berlin has had no problem attracting business. Set in the historic home that served as the dwelling for the three daughters of the king of the House of Hohenzollern, a 20 million mark investment converted the site into six cafés and restaurants.

In London, where the words "economic recovery" are at least being spoken aloud, restaurateurs report signs of improvement. "The mood is upbeat," says David Harrold, chief executive of the Restaurateurs Association of Great Britain. People have gotten a bit fed up with the gloom: "Spring has come," says Harrold, and people are saying "let's at least have a meal out and enjoy ourselves."

The Savoy Group of Hotels and Restaurants reports that its establishments have increased their covers exorbitantly over the last few months, largely because it has been quick to offer value for money. Special summer promotions, such as the "888" menu (€8 for a two-course meal) on offer in August at five of

its restaurants is representative of the steps taken by the group throughout the recession, as is its fixed-price summer menu at the Savoy's River Restaurant.

An establishment name and reputation is not always enough to ride out hard times, however, and well-known restaurants, such as Sutherland's in London, have gone bust before the latest editions of guidebooks hit the shelves. But as with all stories of distress, there are instances of others who have made good in their wake.

At The Eagle, an inconspicuous little London City pub, business is so good the owners fear potential customers may be frightened off by its popularity. Opening in early 1990, co-owner Michael Belben saw more than a 240,000 turnover in his first year. A far cry from the Ritz, customers tuck into their saffron risottos served on mismatched plates purchased from charity shops and rummage sales, pay about €7.50 per meal—in cash and before the food is served—and then elbow their way into the precious vacant chair. The Eagle deliberately has rough edges, says Belben. "In the current climate, people are put off by opulent surroundings." And as his lunchtime crowd continues to swell, he hardly needs to stress his point.

Susan Keselenko Coll is a free-lance writer living in London.

Talking Business? Watch Your Language

By Roger Collis International Herald Tribune

RALPH Waldo Emerson's counsel 150 years ago that "No man should travel until he has learned the language of the country he visits" is reflected in the current boom in language learning for business travelers. Berlitz, Europe's largest school, is said to have doubled numbers of its lessons since 1985.

The key to success, we are told, is to do business in the other person's language. But unless you can really cope in a language, it is usually best to save it for social chat.

English, of course, is now accepted as lingua franca for business travelers in most parts of the world. But forcing people to speak it when they are not completely fluent can lead to serious misunderstanding.

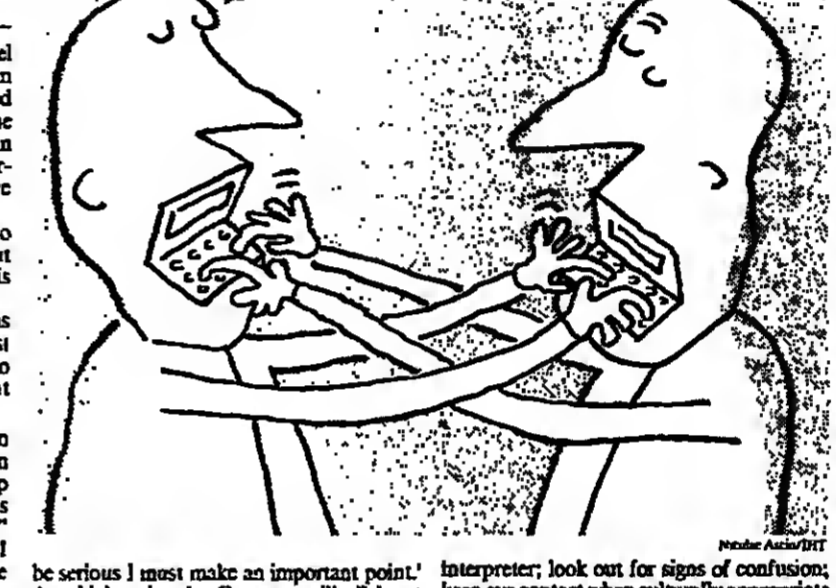
There was the case of a former German chancellor who was presented to the queen during a visit to London. He had brushed up his English for the occasion. But when he was introduced to her he said, "Who are you?" instead of, "How are you?" She replied, "I am the queen of England." That's a true story.

A good compromise is for both sides to speak their own language, which may bring a dialectical, if not an entirely cultural, meeting of minds. Although it may be worth remembering the old German adage that you should sell in the other language and buy in your own.

For most people this means speaking through interpreters. But the ability to work well with one's a technique, a skill to itself. You have to make sure that your message is well received in a cultural as well as a linguistic sense.

"You have to be very careful about using humor on formal occasions," says Peter Pooley, a deputy director-general at the EC Commission in Brussels. "If you make an after-dinner speech in the U.K., you're heavily criticized if you don't make a joke; in France you'll be criticized if you do. They'll say, 'he's a clown, he's a lightweight, especially if you're British.' The British self-mocking humor is not understood."

"It can be quite disconcerting with simultaneous interpretation," Pooley says. "You make a witty remark and those people listening in English laugh; then the French and Italians laugh; then there's a pause because the Dutch and Germans are waiting for the verb at the end of the sentence before they get it. Meanwhile, you're saying 'yes, but to



be serious I must make an important point." At which point the Germans will all burst out laughing.

The Japanese seem to have found a face-saving solution to this conundrum. The story goes of the Japanese interpreter who said

"The frequent traveler recently," "The American gentleman has now started telling a joke. When he stops speaking, please laugh and clap loudly or I'll be in trouble."

Another solution when faced with strange English from a nonnative speaker is to tune into the French translation or hit the music button on your Walkman.

Alas, this is not possible in face-to-face meetings. Everything depends on the skill of the interpreter. Confusion generated by faulty translation is less hilarious. Experts recommend that both parties in a negotiation bring their own people to interpret for important discussions. It's convenient, but dangerous, to rely on the home side's interpreter, who may unconsciously represent the interest of his or her employer.

Keep sentences short and simple but avoid oversimplifying—which may give an impression that you're condescending—and pause frequently. Avoid vague and imprecise expressions; use visual aids; and look at the person with whom you're dealing—not the

scrutability, it is because they have developed ambiguity of expression to an art form. They have delicate ways of voicing personal opinions. The British invented circumlocution but the Japanese have brought it to perfection. It's not that they're hypocritical. But they manifest quintessential politeness, which can mean they say "yes" when they really mean "no."

The Japanese are concerned with saving face and have developed a set of rules to prevent things going wrong. So try to avoid saying no or asking questions when the answer might be no.

Close to home, there are defective cognates between languages like English and French. The entente cordiale was in jeopardy when the French head office of its recently acquired subsidiary in the United Kingdom faxed: "We demand your latest profit figure..." Demand in French means to ask, not to demand.

Although we're not yet able to tune in to simultaneous interpreting at most business meetings, there is a galaxy of palm-size electronic gizmos that offer instant translations on the road. Some, like Seiko's Dr. Voice (about \$240) come with voice cards that translate phrases both ways between Japanese, English and other languages. (Check pronunciation through the earphones.) The Epson Tran Ex Cyber Translator (about \$250) allows you to translate about 2,000 English words into Japanese by scanning printed text. Fujitsu sells a similar product, while Canon's Wordlink (about \$300) has a range of applications for translation from several languages, such as English into Japanese or Japanese into English.

DO'S AND DON'TS

Electronic Aids
Do invest in one of the compact, new generation electronic translators. These are more than dictionaries, translating entire sentences. Some have synthesized voice cards that speak with a realistic accent in several languages.
Hold the Jokes
Don't use humor, metaphors, analogies, or literary allusions that can lead to cultural as well as linguistic misunderstandings.

Pictures Talk
Do make use of visual aids—a picture can be worth a thousand words. And keep your sentences short and simple.
Hire an Interpreter
Don't rely on an interpreter employed by the other side. He or she may subtly distort your views. Both parties should bring their own interpreters to crucial negotiations.

BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

THE Reisinger knockout team championship ended on June 6 in a victory for John Reisinger and George Torrey. Saul Bronstein and August Boehm, all of New York and Bob Sartorius of New Jersey,

The diagramed deal from the third quarter was a turning point. At both tables North gave a jump preference to three clubs at his second turn, invitational but not forcing. In one case, South cautiously passed and made an overtrick for a score of 130. In the other, as shown, Boehm ventured three no-trump and reached a tricky contract.

West selected a heart. His choice of the seven suggested a weak suit, and East thought this over before winning with the ace and viewing South's jack. Continuing that suit would have established a trick, but would not have beaten the con-

tract. The defenders would have wound up with two club tricks and two heart tricks, and South would have made three club tricks and two in each of the other suits.

So East shifted to the spade jack, and it might seem that this dented the contract. South saw that it would be a mistake to duck, for East could then revert to hearts. The spade lead was taken with the ace, and a club was led. East won with the king and persevered with a spade.

Again South could not afford to hold up for another spade lead would have established West's queen while he had the club ace as an entry. Instead, South won and led his remaining club. West won, but could not cash two spade tricks: he had to choose between leading low to his partner's ten, or cashing the queen and establishing South's eight.

South scored nine tricks, gained 10 imps, and resisted the temptation to announce, "I wouldn't have bid it without the eight of spades."

Hand diagram showing North, West, East, and South cards. North: ♠A 8 4, ♥K 10 8 2, ♦Q 7 4 2. West: ♠Q 7 5 2, ♥9 7 8 2, ♦A 3 5, ♣K 8. East: ♠J 10 3, ♥A 10 5 3, ♦K 6 7 4, ♣K 6. South (D): ♠A K 3, ♥K Q, ♦8 5, ♣J 10 9 5 5.

Both sides were vulnerable. The bidding: South West North East 1♠ Pass 1♥ Pass 2♣ 3NT. West led the heart seven.

TOKYO

AUSTRIA
Vienna Kunsthistorisches Museum (tel: 621.77). To Sept. 1: "Gold From Kiev." More than 170 masterpieces dating from the late Middle Ages to the Christianization of the Slavs in the 10th century.
Vienna Palais Liechtenstein (tel: 782.550). June 26 to Sept. 12: "Zurich 1848." More than 100 paintings, sculptures, photographs and videos from the museum's acquisitions since 1890.
BRITAIN
London British Museum (tel: 323.8588). To Aug. 30: "Textiles From the East." Contemporary decorative hangings from China, South and Southeast Asia.
London Coliseum (tel: 836.3161). "The Ivory Ballet." June 29 to July 31: Performances by the Russian company from St. Petersburg with artistic director Oleg Vinogradov and the Orchestra of the Maryinsky Theatre.
The National Gallery (tel: 839.39 21). To July 11: "Tradition and Revolution in French Art 1700-1850." Key works in French art, featuring works by Chardin, Groux, David, Gericaud, Delacroix and Courbet.
Royal Opera House, Covent Garden (tel: 240.10.66). July 9, 12, 14, 16, 19, 21, 23: Mozart's "Don Giovanni." Conducted by Bernard Haitink. Also, July 15, 17, 20, 22, 24: Tchaikovsky's "Eugene Onegin." Conducted by Valery Gergiev, music director of the Kirov Opera, with Sergei Leiferkus as Onegin and Lyuba Kazantsovskaya as Tatjana.
Warrick Festival (tel: 410.747). June 30 to July 11: "The city's castle is the setting for fireworks and a series of concerts that begin a Tokohovno-Rachmaninov program. Performances include Nikolai Konstantin on piano, the Moscow String Quartet and the Russian Choir.
CANADA
Art Gallery of Ontario (Tel: 977.0414). June 25 to Sept. 6: "The Early Paradise: Arts and Crafts by

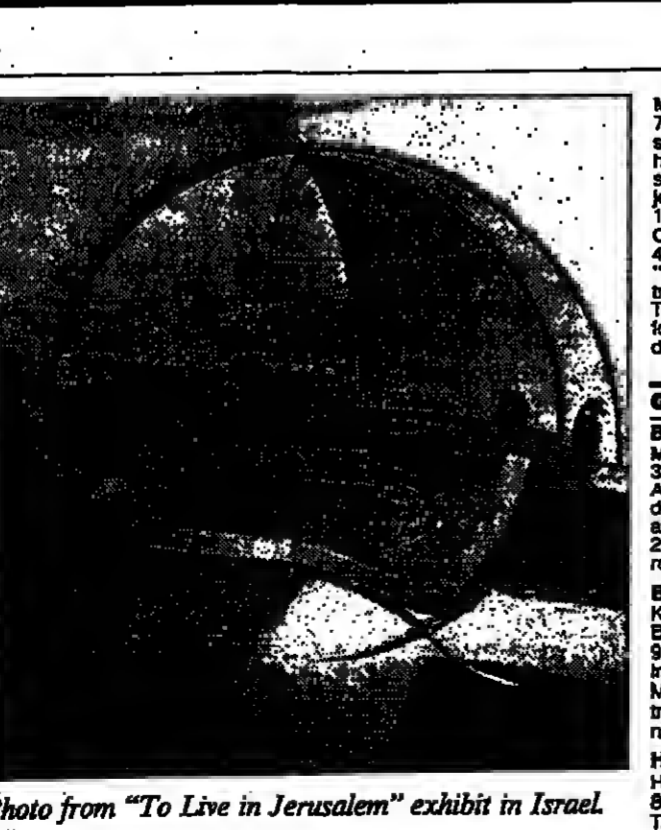


Photo from "To Live in Jerusalem" exhibit in Israel.

William Morris and his circle." More than 285 objects by the British artist, designer and craftsman, and his contemporaries. Morris was the catalyst for a groundbreaking group of Victorian artists and designers which included Dante Gabriel Rossetti and Edward Burne-Jones.
Quebec Centre Canadien d'Architecture (tel: 839.7020). To Aug. 8: "Images de Villes Imagées: Les Expositions Universelles." Official documentation, photographs and plans on the universal exhibitions and what went in to making them.
FRANCE
Montpellier Musée Fabre (tel: 67.66.09.34). June 26 to Sept. 6: "Grand Siècle." More than 130 works by 17th-century French painters, with works by Poussin, Le Sueur, La Hire and Vouet.

THE ARTS GUIDE

Musée du Petit Palais (tel: 42.55.12 73). To July 18: "Speransky de Russie: Mile Ans d'Orfèvrerie." Two hundred and fifteen objects in gold, silver and enamel created by Russian jewelers and goldsmiths from the 10th to the 20th centuries.
Opère de Paris Garnier (tel: 42.55.71). June 25 to July 14: "Theater and Varieties." A tribute to Balanchine, Robbins and Tchaikovsky with a three-piece performance by the Ballet and Orchestra de l'Opéra de Paris.
GERMANY
Berlin Martin-Gropius Bau (tel: 324.5979). To July 26: "American Art in the 20th Century." Two hundred paintings and sculptures by 60 artists assess the achievements of 20th-century American art from an European viewpoint.
Bonn Kunst- und Ausstellungshalle der Bundesrepublik Deutschland (tel: 917.12.00). To July 11: "Dancing Images: Flags of the Farts Astro." More than 100 traditional flags with tribal insignias from the coastal Gambia region.
Hamburg Hamburger Kunsthalle (tel: 86.28.05). To Aug. 23: "Picasso: The Period After Guernica." Some 150 paintings, drawings and sculptures done between 1937 and 1973.
Munich Bayerische Staatsgemaldesammlungen (tel: 228.0520). To July 26: "Max Beckmann: Selbstbildnisse." An extensive retrospective comprised of self-portraits in the form of paintings, lithographs and woodcuts by the German artist.
ISRAEL
Jerusalem The Israel Museum (tel: 708.8111). To Nov. 22: "To Live in Jerusalem." Architecture, furniture and household items from religious and ethnic groups in Jerusalem over the past 150 years. Also, to Aug. 30: "The Sam Spiegel Collection." From the collection of the Hollywood producer, more than 60 paintings and works on paper with works by artists such as Monet, Gauguin and Degas.
ITALY
Bologna Galleria Comunale d'Arte Moderna Piazza Costituzione (tel: 502.859). To Aug. 31: "Case Study: Pittura a Bologna." More than 170 works document the artistic experience in Bologna from the 19th century to the present.
JAPAN
Kyoto National Museum of Modern Art (tel: 75.14.1111). To July 18: "Gauguin and the Ecole de Port-Aven." More than 120 paintings by Paul Gauguin and artists of the school of Port-Aven, including Paul Sérusier and Emile Bernard.
Nara Nara Prefecture Museum of Art (tel: 223.3968). To Aug. 1: "Gems of Modern Russian Painting From the State Tretyakov Gallery." Russian paintings dating from the 1880s through to the early 20th century. The exhibition focuses on the artist's achievements of "The Wanderers," a group of progressive artists comprised of such names as Ilya Repin and Nikolai Ge.
Tokyo Fuji Art Museum (tel: 26.91.45.11). To June 27: An extensive Goya exhibition including more than 200 of the Spanish artist's prints.
Yokohama Yokohama Art Museum (tel: 51.05.37). To July 25: "Musée de Louvre 200 Years." A bicentennial anniversary celebration in honor of the Louvre, featuring more than 90 works from the golden age of French painting.
NETHERLANDS
Amsterdam Van Gogh Museum (tel: 50.52.00). To Oct. 31: "Courtesans in Japanese Prints." Courtesans served as a central theme in 18th- and 19th-century prints. This show focuses attention on van Gogh's collection of courtesan prints and their influence in his works.
SINGAPORE
Empress Place Museum (tel: 336.7633). To June 1, 1994: One hundred and twenty works of Chinese blue and white porcelain from

the Tianminlou Foundation in Hong Kong.
National Museum (tel: 270.79.88). To July 18: "Treasures of Asian Art." A selection of 84 masterpieces, including a series of Buddhist sculptures from different parts of Asia, from the collection of John D. Rockefeller 3d in New York.
SPAIN
Valencia Centre Julio González (tel: 365.50.00). To Aug. 29: "Marial Rayssa." Some 125 paintings, sculptures and objects realized between 1959 and 1991 by the French Neorealist artist.
SWITZERLAND
Geneva Petit Palais (tel: 346.14.33). To Oct. 31: "Nabokov et Peintures de Pont-Aven." Paintings and sculptures by artists from the Nabis movement which gained popularity between 1891 and 1900, including works by Gauguin, Cézanne, Serusier, Vuillard and Denis.
Marilyn Fondation Pierre Gianadda (tel: 22.39.78). To Nov. 21: "Edgar Degas. 1834-1917." Paintings, sculptures and drawings.
UNITED STATES
Chicago The Art Institute of Chicago (tel: 443.36.00). To Aug. 29: "Chicago Art and Design, 1822-1993: Reconfiguring of an American Metropolis." Some 700 paintings, drawings, prints, furniture, models and photographs.
Los Angeles Museum of Contemporary Art (tel: 621.2766). To Aug. 15: "Robert Rauschenberg." Paintings, drawings, sculptures and photographs by the California artist.
Malibu The J. Paul Getty Museum (tel: 499.76.11). To August 1: "Drawings by Giovanni Battista Tiepolo from the Metropolitan Museum of Art." Drawings by the 18th-century Venetian artist. In addition, there are related prints, frescoes and paintings.
New York Guggenheim Museum (tel: 423.3840). To Sept. 19: "Paul Klee." A comprehensive exhibit of paintings and works on paper by the artist. Also, June 25 to Oct. 1: "Peterson Horn." A retrospective of the German sculptor's works.
Museum of Modern Art (tel: 708.9480). To Sept. 7: "Lynn American Artists of the Twentieth Century." An extensive exhibit featuring more than 300 works by some 90 artists, including Botero, Kahlo, Kuitca, Lam and Torres-Garcia.

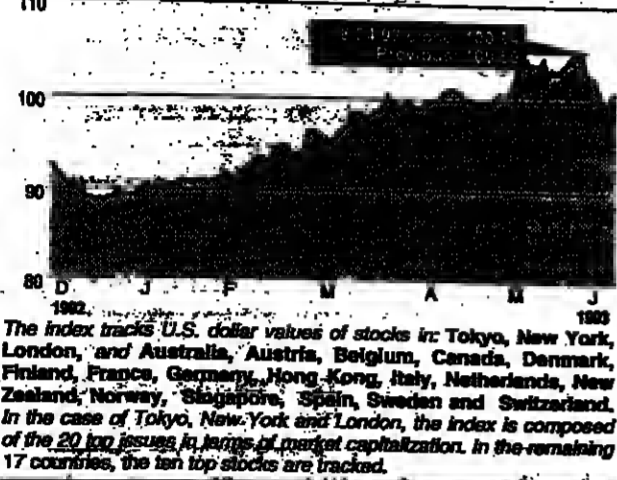
Pasadena Norton Simon Museum of Art (tel: 448.6840). To Sept. 18: "Paintings and Works on Paper by John Alton." Paintings, drawings and prints dating from 1955-67 by the Los Angeles artist.
Washington Corcoran Gallery of Art (tel: 638.3211). To Sept. 6: "Rescuers of the Holocaust: Portraits by Gay Block." These photographs present a collective testimony by surviving individuals who helped protect and rescue Jews during World War II.
The Textile Museum (tel: 667.0441). To Sept. 19: "Mexican Samplers: Patterns of Continuity and Change." A survey of Mexican samplers from the mid-18th to mid-19th century.

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THE TRIB INDEX -100.94

International Herald Tribune World Stock Index of 230 internationally investable stocks from 20 countries, compiled by Bloomberg Business News, Jan. 1, 1992 = 100.



Continent	Index Value	Percent Change
Asia/Pacific	114.88	+14.88%
Europe	95.59	-4.41%
N. America	94.68	-5.32%

Industrial Sector	Index Value	Percent Change
Energy	101.42	+1.42%
Chemicals	101.82	+1.82%
Capital Goods	98.83	-1.17%
Utilities	106.52	+6.52%
Nonferrous Metals	98.04	-1.96%
Consumer Goods	86.21	-13.79%
Services	111.40	+11.40%
Miscellaneous	101.02	+1.02%

WALL STREET WATCH

In a Mine-Field Market, Investor Must Step Lightly

New York's stock market today seems to be tripped up by a mine-field of bad news. Profits are down and shares have fallen from 10 percent to 15 percent since the start of the year. Recent casualties include Nike, Inc. and Reebok International Ltd., Longhorn Steak, Tambrands Inc., Eastman Kodak Co., Apple Computer Inc., U.S. Surgical Corp., USAir Group Inc. and American Airlines Inc. On Tuesday, Knight Corp. said its earnings would fall short of those reported a year ago. This is a market in which bulls and bears are both frustrated.

David Shuman, chief strategist at Salomon Brothers Inc., summed it up: "We have a market in which stocks are overpriced, so there is no room for any disappointment with any particular stock." Yet analysts expect that when the books are closed on the second quarter later this month, operating profits of the companies in the Standard & Poor's 500-stock index will be up 15 percent to 20 percent from the same period a year ago.

Rick Pucci, a senior vice president at the research firm IBES Inc., said the recent flurry of discouraging announcements reflected a new strategy. Companies come clean early with bad news. This minimizes the impact on the stock.

Some say the common thread running through most of the earnings disappointments is not the weakness of the U.S. economy but weakness abroad, where many American corporations gain a healthy share of their sales and an even higher percentage of profit. This was particularly true in the case of Nike, Reebok and Caterpillar.

Mr. Shuman deplored the current market — historically high with interest rates beginning to rise — as a loser's game. Opportunities are limited but the chance to fall off a couple of stocks is great. "Superior performance will come from avoiding losses, not picking winners," Mr. Shuman said. "This is a market in which bulls and bears are both frustrated."

Richard Hoey, chief economist at Dreyfus Corp., said many of the recent casualties were heavily bought by portfolio managers, who rush to sell. U.S. Surgical fell in a year from \$105 to around \$26 despite continued growth, but below expectations. Peter Camelo, investment strategist for NatWest Securities Inc., said traders are ruthless with growth companies that have hot products in hot markets, but more forgiving with cyclical industries.

Bosch Sets 10,600 Job Cuts

Company Fears Operating Loss

STUTT GART, Germany — Robert Bosch GmbH, the big German electrical and engineering concern, announced Thursday that it planned to cut 10,600 jobs this year to reduce its staff to 160,000.

Chairman Marcus Biersch said the cost of the job cuts could prevent the company from recording an operating profit in 1993, even

EC states urged to ease social costs to help create jobs, Page 13.

though it was likely to post a net profit. He also predicted that sales should decline for the first time since the 1960s.

He said that 4,400 jobs had already been eliminated in the first five months of 1993 and that 6,000 more should be cut in the course of the year in a bid to trim 500 million Deutsche marks (\$294 million) from costs. He added that 20,000 employees in Germany suffered temporary layoffs during the first five months of 1993.

The company also said it planned to save 200 million DM this year by reducing voluntary fringe benefits, which cost the group about 1 billion DM a year.

Within three to five years, we have to lower our costs by 20 to 30 percent in order to resolve the present structural problems," said Mr. Biersch.

He said that sales were expected to drop 4 to 5 percent from a figure of 34.43 billion DM in 1992. He noted that sales were 9.3 percent lower in the first five months of 1993 than a year ago.

The privately owned company reported that group net profit for 1992 totaled 511.5 million DM, down 5.3 percent from 1991. Mr. Biersch cited the slowdown in the German economy, lower prices and the appreciation of the mark.

He said the company would cut investments in 1993 to 1.8 billion DM, from 2 billion DM in 1992.

Heino Ruland, German market strategist with Nomura Research in Frankfurt, estimated the layoff program could cost Bosch at least 300 million DM in 1993 and cause an operating loss. He predicted

See BOSCH, Page 13

Ohio Reaches Out to Measure Up

By John Holusha
New York Times Service

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio — This city in the heart of the Mahoning Valley may be better known for defunct steel mills than high technology and international competitiveness. But Youngstown is home to a technology outreach office that may be the prototype for a nationwide system, if the administration's technology policy proceeds as planned.

The Technology Development Corp. is a strange beast, organizationally. Legally, it is part of Youngstown State University and is housed on campus. But it is also one of five outreach offices across the state sponsored by the Great Lakes Manufacturing Technology Center in Cleveland. The other four are in Akron, Canton, Elyria and Toledo.

Officials in the outreach office, which receives funds from a variety of federal, state and private sources, have been coaching a group of 10 small and midsize manufacturing companies on such matters as making sure their products will meet the European Community's stringent new quality standards.

Thus Henry E. Bertolini Jr. has been spending roughly equal amounts of time thinking about his Youngstown company's aluminum-extrusion business and about the intricacies of a set of international quality-control specifications known as ISO 9000.

So far, only a few hundred American companies, most of them corporate giants like Du Pont and Union Carbide, have been certified as meeting the standards.

But working with the outreach office has persuaded Mr. Bertolini, his colleagues at General Extrusions and indeed much of the Youngstown manufacturing community that the future lies in being globally competitive.

"We did not have a quality system in place that would make us a preferred supplier in the year 2000," said Mr. Bertolini, who is

engineering manager for General Extrusions, a company that uses computer-controlled heavy machinery to squeeze thick, heat-softened aluminum bars into shaped parts. "We are going to use the ISO 9000 standards as the vehicle to build that system."

The principal agent of change was Michael J. Coast, a technology transfer specialist with the four-person, nonprofit Technology Development Corp. "We looked at plants around here and found that most of them had no quality operators and no written proce-

dures," Mr. Coast said. "So we held meetings to explain what ISO is and why they need it."

The ISO standards, originally devised to promote trade within Europe, govern such things as quality standards and management procedures. In Youngstown, representatives of the 10 companies meet twice a month for workshops on how to interpret the standards and write the manuals and procedures that will be audited by the outside examiners that can confer ISO certification.

The Great Lakes Manufacturing Technology Center receives federal support through the National Institute of Standards and Technology, or NIST.

The Cleveland center employs more than 60 people who operate a technology demonstration facility, where executives can test computers, software and advanced machinery before deciding what to buy.

The center also operates a teaching factory on the campus of Cleveland State University. Though Great Lakes is one of seven similar, federally financed regional centers around the nation, it is by most accounts the most fully developed. NIST officials consider it a model of what the administration's technology program should be doing.

Institutionally, NIST has a lot riding on the program's success. Currently, the agency has a budget of just \$18 million a year for its seven centers. But the administration is backing legislation that would earmark \$186 million in the next fiscal year for such manufacturing technological assistance. NIST is also hoping to administer another \$100 million or so in Defense Department funds intended to help military contractors convert their operations to civilian products.

The House of Representatives passed legislation on May 19 authorizing the National Institute of Standards and Technology's spending as part of a two-year, \$1.5 billion effort to improve the competitiveness of American companies. Action by the Senate is expected this summer.

If passed by Congress, the spending for technological assistance would begin to help American manufacturers match their competitors in Japan and Europe, where help from the government is routine. According to Philip Shapiro, an associate professor at the Georgia Institute of Technology who has studied technology programs, the Japanese spend about \$745 million annually supporting 170 public technology centers.

While the United States has excelled in developing new technology, he said, "U.S. companies have been rather less successful in applying and commercializing those technologies."

Developing World Takes Growth Lead

By Lawrence Malkin
International Herald Tribune

UNITED NATIONS, New York — In a surprise reversal of their traditional roles, developing countries are outpacing the industrialized world in growth because they foster the vitality of individual enterprises instead of trying to force-feed their economies as a whole, the United Nations reported Thursday.

The UN's 1993 World Economic Survey characterized the world economy as "bifurcated" this year, with total growth expected at only 1.5 percent, rising to 3 percent in 1994. But slow growth in the United States and stagnation in Europe and Japan were offset by expansion at a rate of 5 percent in developing countries, the UN forecast it would continue next year.

This was largely accounted for

by a handful of liberalizing Latin American countries, India and, above all, by China, which is expected to grow by 11 percent this year after its economy expanded by an astounding 12.8 percent in 1992.

Moreover, most of the developing world's growth was largely a home-grown, almost bootstrap phenomenon, instead of being driven by trade with industrial world. It has increased within a range of 3.5 to 5 percent for five years while the industrial world was slowing down and the economies of the European Communist nations were crumbling.

In China, India and the East Asian Dragon economies, the report said, "long-term dynamism has its roots in various combinations of export-oriented policies, pragmatic interrelation between the state and private sector in sup-

H.K. Role Likely to Shrink

Moody's Predicts Lessened Status As Part of China

Moody's said Beijing was likely to allow Hong Kong to remain economically distinct after the handover so it could act as both a model and a spur for China's development.

However, the rating agency "does not consider it as probable that Hong Kong will retain its present role as a world-class international financial center after 1997 because of China's ingrained tendency toward interventionism," the review said.

Beijing is already effectively intervening in the economy, as major economic projects such as the \$2.5 billion new airport project have been dragged into a dispute over Governor Chris Patten's proposals for democratic reform.

With relations soured again after a brief lull, three days of talks in the Chinese-British Joint Liaison Group ended Wednesday with both sides blaming each other for their failure to agree on another key project, a new container terminal.

Moody's was not entirely gloomy, saying Hong Kong could still keep its A-3 credit rating, one notch above China's Baal, after 1997 due to its strong economic growth rate, of about 5 percent.

Joseph Yam, chief executive of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority, disputed Moody's forecast of a decline for the colony. "After 1997, Hong Kong will be the truly international financial center in China. I'm not worried at all," he said.

Nowhere has this been more evident than in China, he said.

U.S. Report Urges Caution on Japan Trade Curbs

WASHINGTON — Japan's trade balance with U.S. exports as much as \$18 billion a year while U.S. trade obstacles appear to have little impact on Japan, according to a study made public Thursday.

The report on trans-Pacific economic relations — written by an official in the U.S. administration and an international economist — appears two weeks before President Bill Clinton is to meet with Prime Minister Kiichi Miyazawa to work out a broad new economic agenda.

Trouble is afoot, the report makes clear.

"There are significant systemic differences between the United States and Japan," it said. "The composition of trade between the two countries produces inherent conflict."

Although the study said U.S. barriers did not seem to hurt Japan, it warned Washington not to set up further barriers in an effort to correct the imbalance.

The report is titled "Reconcilable Differences?" It was written

by Marcus Noland, newly appointed senior international economist for the White House Council of Economic Advisors, and C. Fred Bergsten, director of the Institute for International Economics.

For the United States, the root of the problem is Japan's annual trade surplus of about \$50 billion. Mr. Clinton and Mr. Miyazawa will meet in Tokyo to try to correct the problem, although recent political turmoil in Japan is lowering expectations for any breakthrough.

A Showdown on Submarines

By John Mintz
Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — General Dynamics Corp. is on the verge of winning a key victory for its submarine shipyard in Connecticut, Electric Boat, by convincing senior aides to Defense Secretary Les Aspin that it should be the United States' sole builder of nuclear submarines, industry and congressional officials said.

Electric Boat's win would be bad news for its competitor, Newport News Shipbuilding & Dry Dock Co., the only other U.S. builder of nuclear submarines. Both yards

have laid off thousands of employees, and their struggle for dwindling contracts has been so fierce that many analysts had predicted that one or both could go under.

The battle over who will build submarines is an early example of the political and economic skirmishing that will accompany the Pentagon's downsizing of the military. The stakes are high for the Tidewater area of Virginia, whose economic fortunes have been linked for decades with the huge Norfolk Naval Base and the Newport News shipbuilding complex.

The victory for Electric Boat is part is said to be contained in drafts of an as-yet-unreleased Pentagon report, known as the "bottom-up review." The review lays out the size of future military commands and weapons purchases.

Industry sources said it dealt specifically with how to preserve the United States' ability to make submarines at a time when there is little need for new ones, and concluded that Electric Boat should get navy contracts to ensure its survival, industry sources said. News of the Pentagon consensus on the sub issue came in published reports and interviews with military, industry and congressional officials.

A decision in favor of Electric Boat would probably mean contracts to build Seawolf attack submarines in the mid-1990s, and possibly the new Centurion-class sub when work is set to begin in 1999.

Both companies are among their states' largest employers and are key to their regions' economic health. At the height of the Reagan defense boom, Electric Boat's plants in Connecticut and Rhode Island employed 25,000. By 1996, it expects to have 7,500 employees.

Newport News also fears a dramatic drop. The shipyard now employs 21,500 people, a 27 percent drop from its peak several years ago.

SCONTINVEST FUND MANAGEMENT COMPANY S.A.
18, Boulevard Royal
Luxembourg

NOTICE

The Board of Directors of SCONTINVEST FUND MANAGEMENT COMPANY S.A. has decided to open the company's SCONTINVEST FUND - PACIFIC EQUITY for subscription as of July 12, 1993.

The initial subscription period shall be from July 12, 1993 until July 15, 1993 and the initial price per unit shall be \$1,000. The effective payment must be done on July 15, 1993 at the latest.

An addendum to the Prospectus and Management Regulations of August 1992 is available at the registered office of the Management Company.

The Board of Directors

IB 1735
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XEROX CORPORATION (GDR)

The undersigned announces that the issue of GDRs will be restricted to CF-Certificates. Holders of CF-Certificates are requested to deliver their CF-Certificates (with stamp, supplied with a statement of the required denomination of 1 or 1000 shares, to Euro-Associatie N.V., Spierstraat 122, 1012 VT Amsterdam.

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITORY COMPANY N.V.
Amsterdam, 22 June 1993.

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DI VALERIO VERGA & C. - OROLOGERIA
Via Dogana, 3 - 20123 Milano (tel/fax Via Mazzini)
Tel 02/8056521 - CF e P IVA 04370140166

CURRENCY & INTEREST RATES

June 24									
Eurocurrency Deposits					June 24				
	1 month	3 months	6 months	1 year	Dollar	D-Mark	Swiss Franc	Sterling	French Franc
1 month	3 1/4-3 3/4	7 1/2-7 3/4	8 1/4	8 1/2-8 3/4	7 1/2-7 3/4	7 1/2-7 3/4	7 1/2-7 3/4	7 1/2-7 3/4	7 1/2-7 3/4
3 months	3 1/2-3 5/8	7 3/4-8 1/8	8 3/4-9 1/8	8 3/4-9 1/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8
6 months	3 3/4-4 1/8	8 1/4-8 3/4	8 3/4-9 1/8	8 3/4-9 1/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8
1 year	3 1/2-3 3/4	7 3/4-8 1/8	8 3/4-9 1/8	8 3/4-9 1/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8	7 3/4-7 5/8

Key Money Rates

Class	Prev.	Current
Discount rate	5.00	5.00
Prime rate	6.00	6.00
Federal funds	5.00	5.00
3-month CDs	2.87	2.87
6-month CDs	2.87	2.87
9-month CDs	2.87	2.87
1-year CDs	2.87	2.87
1-year Treasury bill	5.56	5.56
3-year Treasury note	7.14	7.14
5-year Treasury note	7.50	7.50
10-year Treasury note	7.87	7.87
30-year Treasury bond	8.25	8.25
10-year Treasury bond	8.25	8.25
10-year Government bond	8.25	8.25

Gold

	A.M.	P.M.	C/S
London	341.25	341.25	+0.80
Paris	341.25	341.25	+0.80
New York	341.25	341.25	+0.80
U.S. dollars per ounce	341.25	341.25	+0.80
10-year bond	7.25	7.25	
10-year bond	7.25	7.25	
10-year bond	7.25	7.25	

Source: IFC Bank (Intercontinental), Deutsche Bank (Germany), Banca Commerciale Italiana (Italy), Societa' Generale (France), Societa' Italiana di Banche e Impianti (Italy), Societa' Italiana di Banche e Impianti (Italy), Societa' Italiana di Banche e Impianti (Italy).

MARKET DIARY

Goodyear Optimism Fuels Dow Rebound

NEW YORK — Shares on the New York Stock Exchange rebounded from a two-day slump Thursday as a slide in long-term interest rates and a positive earnings report from Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. fueled optimism.

The Dow Jones industrial average finished 23.80 points higher at 3,490.61 after closing on Wednesday at the lowest level since May 18. A rally in Goodyear's stock accounted for one-fifth of the rise in the Dow.

The market received its first positive earnings report in some time when Goodyear said second-quarter earnings could rise as much as 31 percent to \$140 million from \$106.9 million in the same period a year ago.

Goodyear's stock responded to the earnings announcement by climbing 1 1/2 to 40 percent. The Standard & Poor's 500-Stock Index rose 2.43 to 446.62 and the American Stock Exchange's Market Value Index climbed 0.60 to 435.30.

SNUB: Germany and France Spar

Continued from Page 1 that it considered that there was little room for further cuts at present.

The economic difficulties stemming from high German rates have already led Britain and Italy to leave the monetary system over the past year. Several other nations have been forced into devaluations.

France has held firm. But the French dilemma underscored by Thursday's apparent clash is that a rising tide of public and political opinion — led by the Gaullist Philippe Séguin — contends that France should cut the tie between the franc and the mark by devaluing and lowering interest rates in order to stimulate growth.

Foreign Exchange Economic differences between France and Germany have also flared recently over trade. Germany, which has a smaller agricultural sector, favors a rapid world trade agreement under the auspices of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

Moreover, Prime Minister Edouard Balladur did not hide his astonishment and irritation this month when the U.S. government disclosed that it had reached a sep-

The Nasdaq Combined Composite index rose for the first time since last Friday, gaining 3.93 to 688.72.

Advances led declines on the NYSE by about 3 to 2. Trading on the Big Board was moderate, with about 260.8 million shares changing hands.

Shares of retail stores and drug companies were up the most. "The market flopped off a rally after a couple of tough days," said Barry Berman, of Robert W. Baird & Co. "I doubt the strength will last because of overhanging concerns about the economy and earnings."

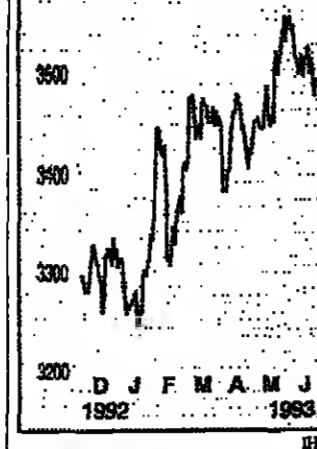
The Labor Department released a pessimistic report Thursday when it said Americans filing first-time jobless claims rose 8,000 last week to a seasonally adjusted 353,000.

The 30 components of the Dow industrials accounted for about 23.5 million shares, about 9 percent of the Big Board volume.

Intel Corp., Tucson, Ariz., Electric Power Co. LTV Corp., Wall-Mart Stores Inc. and Glaxo Holdings PLC were the five most actively traded issues.

Intel fell 1/4 to 53 1/2 after PaineWebber Inc. lowered its rating on the semiconductor company.

The Dow Daily closings of the Dow Jones Industrial Average



NYSE Most Actives

Table listing top NYSE active stocks including TUSP, WMT, and others with volume, high, low, and change.

AMEX Most Actives

Table listing top AMEX active stocks including ENSCO, HIL, and others with volume, high, low, and change.

NYSE Diary

Table showing NYSE trading volume, open, high, low, and close.

AMEX Diary

Table showing AMEX trading volume, open, high, low, and close.

NASDAQ Diary

Table showing NASDAQ trading volume, open, high, low, and close.

Dow Jones Averages

Table listing Dow Jones averages for Industrial, Transportation, Utilities, and Composite.

Standard & Poor's Indexes

Table listing Standard & Poor's indexes for Industrials, Financial, and Utilities.

NYSE Indexes

Table listing NYSE indexes for Composite, Industrials, Financial, and Utilities.

NASDAQ Indexes

Table listing NASDAQ indexes for Composite, Industrials, Financial, and Utilities.

AMEX Stock Index

Table listing AMEX stock index with high, low, and change.

Dow Jones Bond Averages

Table listing Dow Jones bond averages for 30 Bonds, Utilities, and Industrials.

Market Sales

Table listing market sales for NYSE, AMEX, and NASDAQ.

N.Y.S.E. Odd-Lot Trading

Table listing NYSE odd-lot trading statistics.

S&P 100 Index Options

Table listing S&P 100 index options for various months.

EUROPEAN FUTURES

Food

Table listing European food futures including White Sugar and Coffee.

Metals

Table listing European metal futures including Aluminum and Copper.

Financial

Table listing European financial futures including 3-Month Sterling and 6-Month Eurodollar.

3-Month Sterling (LIFFE)

Table listing 3-month sterling futures prices.

6-Month Eurodollar (LIFFE)

Table listing 6-month eurodollar futures prices.

3-Month Eurodollar (LIFFE)

Table listing 3-month eurodollar futures prices.

3-Month Eurodollar (COMEX)

Table listing 3-month eurodollar futures prices from COMEX.

3-Month Eurodollar (CME)

Table listing 3-month eurodollar futures prices from CME.

3-Month Eurodollar (CME)

Table listing 3-month eurodollar futures prices from CME.

Industrials

Table listing European industrial futures including Gasoil and Brent Crude Oil.

Stock Indexes

Table listing European stock indexes including FTSE 100 and Nikkei.

Spot Commodities

Table listing European spot commodity prices.

Commodity

Table listing European commodity prices.

Company

Table listing European company prices.

Interbank

Table listing European interbank rates.

Amidst

Table listing European amidst prices.

Willard

Table listing European Willard prices.

First

Table listing European first prices.

Amidst

Table listing European amidst prices.

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P&G to Cut Back on Jobs Worldwide

CINCINNATI (AP) — Procter & Gamble Co. said Thursday it expected to trim some of its 106,000 worldwide jobs.

"We expect eventually to evolve into a leaner and more efficient organization," said a spokeswoman. She said the company had not completed the worldwide evaluation to identify ways to cut costs, and the job-trimming figure has been reached. She would not say when the evaluation would be finished.

P&G has said its goal over the next three years is to reduce expenses to 12 percent of sales, from 14.5 percent.

Primerica Sees Job Losses in Merger

NEW YORK (Knight-Ridder) — Sanford Weill, Primerica's chairman, said Thursday that 1,000 to 1,200 jobs would be cut by the end of this year after the merger of Primerica's unit, Smith Barney Harris Upham Co., with the retail-brokerage and asset-management business of Shearson Lehman Brothers.

That merger, which will create Smith Barney Shearson, will close near the end of July. The cuts will occur in back-office operations, which Mr. Weill said is the only place where there was some duplication.

Primerica said it had named Robert Greenhall, former president of Morgan Stanley Group Inc., chairman and chief executive of Smith Barney Shearson.

Personal Incomes Rose 0.6% in May

WASHINGTON (Bloomberg) — U.S. personal incomes advanced 0.6 percent in May for the sixth straight gain as the unemployment rate declined, government figures showed Thursday.

Personal spending rose only 0.2 percent last month, while the savings rate advanced, a sign people were holding onto earnings, according to the Commerce Department statistics.

Meanwhile, the number of Americans filing jobless claims for the first time rose last week to the highest level since mid-April. The Labor Department said.

Nymex Doubles Its Offer for Comex

NEW YORK (Bloomberg) — The New York Mercantile Exchange has more than doubled its offer for the Commodities Exchange to \$45 million, from \$20 million.

In May, the Nymex raised its bid to \$20 million from \$10 million in an effort to appease Comex traders. Comex traders think the exchange is worth more than \$60 million.

Nymex had wanted to complete the purchase of Comex before the launch of its 24-hour screen-trading system Thursday.

Sara Lee Corp. Elects New Officers

CHICAGO (UPI) — Sara Lee Corp. on Thursday elected Michael E. Murphy to the newly created post of vice chairman and named Cornelis Boonstra president and chief operating officer.

The board, holding a regular monthly meeting, also declared the company's 1993 consecutive common-stock dividend.

The former EC commissioner, Frans Andriessen, will become a member of Sara Lee's board and a supervisory board member of the company's Dutch unit.

For the Record

United Airlines might create a new airline to fly its unprofitable short-haul domestic routes, a spokesman, Joe Hopkins, said Thursday in Chicago. The possible spinoff is among cost-cutting options reported to be under consideration. But another source in the airline declined to confirm or deny reports that it might bundle unprofitable domestic routes into a separate airline with nonunionized employees. (AP, Bloomberg)

Stone Container Corp. said Thursday in Chicago it would sell \$400 million in notes through a public offering and private placement and use the proceeds to repay bank debt. Stone is the third-biggest U.S. paper maker. (Bloomberg)

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

Agence France Presse June 24

Table listing world stock markets including Amsterdam, Helsinki, and others.

Table listing world stock markets including Sao Paulo, Singapore, and others.

Table listing world stock markets including Tokyo, Zurich, and others.

Table listing world stock markets including London, Frankfurt, and others.

Table listing world stock markets including Paris, Sydney, and others.

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A Move to Halt Ruble's Rise

MOSCOW — The Russian central bank, which sold dollars for months to halt a ruble slide, has started buying the currency to try to brake its rise, officials at the Moscow Interbank Currency Exchange said Thursday.

"The central bank is not interested in abrupt changes of the ruble rate," said an exchange spokesman, Yuri Shchegolov.

Dealers said the central bank had stepped into the Moscow currency market several times this week to close the gap between supply and demand. Banks initially offered to sell \$38.77 million on Thursday, while initial demand was for just \$21.8 million. The currency rose to 1.066 to the dollar on Thursday, from 1.072 on Wednesday.

U.S. FUTURES

U.S. Futures Market June 24

Table listing U.S. futures prices for various commodities.

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For investment information

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Large vertical advertisement on the right side of the page, featuring the text 'U.S./AT THE CLOSE' at the top and 'ASDAQ' in large letters at the bottom. The text is partially obscured and difficult to read.

EC Urged to Ease Social Costs Creation of Jobs Linked to Changes in System

BRUSSELS — If the European Community states want to create jobs, they must ease social costs to encourage companies to hire workers, EC Social Affairs Commissioner Faidrag Flynn said Thursday. He said changing top-heavy social-security systems was "both economically, rationally and socially desirable."

Mr. Flynn spoke two days after an EC summit meeting set in motion a strategy of investment and job training to restore growth. Under pressure from Britain, the EC leaders shied away from pledging that Western Europe's generous unemployment, disability, health and retirement systems would not be altered in a time of recession.

BNP Predicts Sharp Fall In Earnings for First Half

PARIS — Banque Nationale de Paris estimated on Thursday that its net profit for the first half of 1993 would be as much as 50 percent below the level a year earlier, reflecting problem loans to domestic businesses and Third World countries. BNP reported a profit of 133 billion francs (\$23.4 million) for the first half of 1992 and a profit of 2.16 billion francs for the full year. This year, BNP said, first-half results would be "affected by a sharp growth in provisions related to French small and medium-sized business clients and also to provisions related to high-risk countries."

BNP said that while its sovereign loan portfolio yielded a profit of 1.7 billion francs in 1992 because of favorable market conditions, it was likely to produce a loss this year. Separately, the country's Banking Commission said the eight top French banks had a decline of 36.5 percent in their combined 1992 net profit, which fell to 10.8 billion francs from 17.0 billion the year before. Bad-debt provisions rose 26.7 percent, to 62.1 billion francs. Nonetheless, a central bank official said banks were not in danger. "The impact of the crisis in real estate on banks has been less pronounced than in other large industrial countries such as the United States or Japan," said Hervé Hannoun, deputy governor of the Bank of France. (Knight-Ridder, AFP)

Statoil-Neste Chemicals Link

OSLO — The state oil companies of Norway and Finland, Statoil and Neste Oy, agreed Thursday to merge their petrochemical divisions and create Europe's biggest producer of raw materials for the plastics industry.

The petrochemical giant — ranking No. 5 in the world — would begin operations in 1994 with Statoil and Neste each holding 50 percent. It would employ 6,000 with annual sales of \$2.5 billion and the combination would not entail staff cuts, Neste said.

The new company's yearly output capacity would be 1.5 million tons of polyethylene and 650,000 tons of polypropylene, Neste said, with production plants in Norway, Finland, Sweden, Belgium, Germany, France, Portugal and the

United States, as well as part ownership of facilities in Saudi Arabia and Malaysia.

"Petrochemical products will constitute an important part of the total activities of Statoil in the future," said the director, Harald Norvik. Since Neste's petrochemical activities are larger than those of Statoil, Neste will receive in excess of 1 billion kroner (\$139 million), a source said.

The company will enjoy access to Statoil's substantial oil and gas operations on the Norwegian shelf. It was estimated that the deal would bring Neste immediate savings of as much as 300 million kroner (\$53.6 million), said Jukka Viinanen, a Neste director. Neste posted a 2.2 billion markkaa loss in 1992 before extraordinary items, reserves and taxes. Among the main reasons mentioned were depressed petrochemicals and plastics prices. (AFP, Knight-Ridder, Reuters, AP, AFX)

EC Seeks Airline-Industry Strategy

BRUSSELS — The EC Commission has set up a "committee of wise men" to study the long-term future of the air-transport industry in the 12 member states, the EC transport commissioner, Abel Matutes, said Thursday.

The committee, headed by the former Belgian transport minister, Herman de Croo, has been asked to come up with a strategy by the end of the year to ensure that European airlines remain competitive in the world market.

Mr. Matutes said some airlines would have to merge if they were to compete internationally. The 12 members of the EC committee represent commercial and charter airlines, tour operators, airport operators, aircraft manufacturers, computer-reservation system operators and trade unions.

They include Pieter Bouw, president of the Netherlands carrier KLM; Bjarne Hansen, president of Maersk Air; the Aga Khan, president of Meridiana; and Jürgen Weber, president of the German carrier Lufthansa.

One of the areas the commission believes needs reform is airport landing fees, many of which are set by state monopolies. According to an EC Commission report, European airlines have been flourishing in red ink since the Gulf War in 1991 sent passenger figures plummeting.

The decline in air travel came just after many airlines had completed ambitious fleet expansion programs, with the result that they could not fill their planes and canceled orders for new aircraft.

The decline in air travel came just after many airlines had completed ambitious fleet expansion programs, with the result that they could not fill their planes and canceled orders for new aircraft.

By the close, Lufthansa shares were 3 Deutsche marks (\$1.76) higher at 113 DM, against a background of broad weakness: The DAX-30 index was down 13.1 points at 1,686.29.

One trader said the airline's shares looked attractive because the rising dollar helped its revenue outlook.

Barlow Rand Gives Hint Of a Corporate Breakup

JOHANNESBURG — South Africa's industrial holding conglomerate Barlow Rand hinted in a cautionary statement to shareholders Thursday that it may want to unbundle. This follows Barlow's recent break-up of Rand Mines into separate gold, platinum and coal companies.

The notice said Barlow was examining proposals which, if implemented, would result in shareholders holding, in addition to their shares in Barlow, shares in the subsidiaries CG Smith and Rembert. The notice said it was intended that Rembert, a leading engineering company, would acquire certain of the group's electronics and electrical interests not already owned by it.

Barlow said it was also giving consideration to the disposal or listing of group businesses.

CG Smith, which makes up a significant portion of the Barlow group, has substantial interests in food, sugar and fishing. CG Smith, in which Barlow has a 38 percent direct interest, is the holding company for CG Smith Foods, which in turn holds the food producer Tiger Oats, South Africa's largest grain purchaser, and CG Smith Sugar, one of the country's two largest sugar producers.

Barlow Rand in turn is controlled, through a 22.2 percent direct interest, by South Africa's giant life insurer SA Mutual. The news follows the statement that the natural-resources investment arm of the South African conglomerate Anglo American Corp. would sell its 38.5 percent stake in Charter Consolidated PLC.

Lonrho 6-Month Profit Gains After Asset Sales

LONDON — Higher commodity prices and the sale of unprofitable assets such as the Observer newspaper in Britain helped Lonrho PLC to report a solid half-year profit gain Thursday and to paint an optimistic picture for the future.

The results showed the British-based company had significantly cut its debt burden and trimmed its sprawling international operations, according to the deputy chairman, Paul Spicer.

Lonrho, which has mining and trading interests in Africa, reported an overall profit before tax of \$87 million (\$128 million) for the six months to March 31, up by \$37 million from the same period of 1992. Sales fell to £1.55 billion, from £1.96 billion.

The main reason for the reduction in debt was the sale of the

German property unit, Gewog. Mr. Spicer said more asset sales were likely, though they were not going to be on the same scale as Gewog. Recent disposals, in addition to the Observer, included the Volkswagen/Audi distributor VAG and Scottish & Universal Newspapers Ltd.

Analysts expect the new joint chief executive, Dieter Bock, who gained his current position in February, to try to focus Lonrho on just three core areas: hotels, mining and agriculture. Mr. Spicer said this ignored a major business sector, which he called trading.

Analysts point out the recent asset sales are having the effect of increasing the group's reliance on minerals, particularly from Africa. "About half the profits come out of metals, which are dependent on commodity prices and a bit difficult to predict," said Geoff Allum of Natwest Securities.

Analysts predicted that the sharp cost cuts would benefit the company in the medium term. "They have been cutting costs for about 18 months now, so they will be in quite good shape," said Lothar Lubinski, analyst at Trinkaus Capital Management.

"The 1992 results were not bad at all," said Mr. Ruland. Analysts predicted that the sharp

Investor's Europe

Frankfurt DAX	London FTSE 100 Index	Paris CAC 40
1800	3000	2100
1700	2900	2000
1600	2800	1900
1500	2700	1800
1400	2600	1700
1300	2500	1600
1200	2400	1500
1100	2300	1400
1000	2200	1300
900	2100	1200
800	2000	1100
700	1900	1000
600	1800	900
500	1700	800
400	1600	700
300	1500	600
200	1400	500
100	1300	400
0	1200	300

Very briefly:

- Denmark's parliament passed by one vote a major reform package designed to boost economic growth and give highly taxed Danes income tax breaks over a five-year period.
- Alcatel Alsthom SA said net profit in 1993 was likely to equal the figure of 7.1 billion francs (\$1.24 billion) for 1992.
- Alcatel Bell, a Belgian unit of Alcatel Alsthom SA, said it had taken a 31 percent stake in a data-transmission network called Transinform which is designed for Russian business and industry.
- Daimler-Benz AG confirmed that Franz Steinkühler, who quit last month as head of Germany's largest union amid suspicions of insider trading, had resigned his position on the company's supervisory board.
- Smith New Court PLC, the British brokerage, said it was planning to raise \$41.2 million (\$60.7 million) by selling new shares to existing shareholders on a two-for-seven basis.
- TI Group PLC, the British engineering group, said it was in talks with Saecma, the French state-owned engine manufacturer, over a possible merger of units that make landing gear. A merger would create a company with sales of as much as \$300 million.
- Gewerkschaft Textil-Bekleidung said 2,500 workers were called out from eight companies in the state of Baden-Württemberg for a two-day strike after pay talks broke down without agreement.

BOSCH: Job Cuts Planned as Firm Fears First Sales Drop Since 1960s

Continued from Page 11
sales would fall 12 to 15 percent in 1993. But several industry analysts said the company was performing reasonably well considering the slowdown in almost all European car and truck markets.

Analysts predicted that the sharp cost cuts would benefit the company in the medium term. "They have been cutting costs for about 18 months now, so they will be in quite good shape," said Lothar Lubinski, analyst at Trinkaus Capital Management.

Both in sales and in new orders in the second half of the year. Mr. Kirchgesser said the company was confident it would achieve a "balanced growth result" in the full year. It reported a break-even result in 1992 after posting a net profit of 10 million DM in 1991.

Group sales slipped to 3.67 billion DM in 1992, from 3.97 billion DM a year earlier.

NASDAQ

Thursday's Prices
NASDAQ prices as of 4 p.m. New York time. This list compiled by the AP, consists of the 1,000 most traded securities in terms of dollar value. It is updated twice a year.

Symbol	High	Low	Open	Close	Change
AA	34 1/2	34 1/4	34 1/4	34 1/4	0
ABB	20 1/2	20 1/4	20 1/4	20 1/4	0
ABC	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/4	0
AC	15 1/2	15 1/4	15 1/4	15 1/4	0
AD	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/4	12 1/4	0
AE	18 1/2	18 1/4	18 1/4	18 1/4	0
AF	22 1/2	22 1/4	22 1/4	22 1/4	0
AG	25 1/2	25 1/4	25 1/4	25 1/4	0
AH	30 1/2	30 1/4	30 1/4	30 1/4	0
AI	35 1/2	35 1/4	35 1/4	35 1/4	0
AJ	40 1/2	40 1/4	40 1/4	40 1/4	0
AK	45 1/2	45 1/4	45 1/4	45 1/4	0
AL	50 1/2	50 1/4	50 1/4	50 1/4	0
AM	55 1/2	55 1/4	55 1/4	55 1/4	0
AN	60 1/2	60 1/4	60 1/4	60 1/4	0
AO	65 1/2	65 1/4	65 1/4	65 1/4	0
AP	70 1/2	70 1/4	70 1/4	70 1/4	0
AQ	75 1/2	75 1/4	75 1/4	75 1/4	0
AR	80 1/2	80 1/4	80 1/4	80 1/4	0
AS	85 1/2	85 1/4	85 1/4	85 1/4	0
AT	90 1/2	90 1/4	90 1/4	90 1/4	0
AU	95 1/2	95 1/4	95 1/4	95 1/4	0
AV	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0
AW	105 1/2	105 1/4	105 1/4	105 1/4	0
AX	110 1/2	110 1/4	110 1/4	110 1/4	0
AY	115 1/2	115 1/4	115 1/4	115 1/4	0
AZ	120 1/2	120 1/4	120 1/4	120 1/4	0
BA	125 1/2	125 1/4	125 1/4	125 1/4	0
BB	130 1/2	130 1/4	130 1/4	130 1/4	0
BC	135 1/2	135 1/4	135 1/4	135 1/4	0
BD	140 1/2	140 1/4	140 1/4	140 1/4	0
BE	145 1/2	145 1/4	145 1/4	145 1/4	0
BF	150 1/2	150 1/4	150 1/4	150 1/4	0
BG	155 1/2	155 1/4	155 1/4	155 1/4	0
BH	160 1/2	160 1/4	160 1/4	160 1/4	0
BI	165 1/2	165 1/4	165 1/4	165 1/4	0
BJ	170 1/2	170 1/4	170 1/4	170 1/4	0
BK	175 1/2	175 1/4	175 1/4	175 1/4	0
BL	180 1/2	180 1/4	180 1/4	180 1/4	0
BM	185 1/2	185 1/4	185 1/4	185 1/4	0
BN	190 1/2	190 1/4	190 1/4	190 1/4	0
BO	195 1/2	195 1/4	195 1/4	195 1/4	0
BP	200 1/2	200 1/4	200 1/4	200 1/4	0
BQ	205 1/2	205 1/4	205 1/4	205 1/4	0
BR	210 1/2	210 1/4	210 1/4	210 1/4	0
BS	215 1/2	215 1/4	215 1/4	215 1/4	0
BT	220 1/2	220 1/4	220 1/4	220 1/4	0
BV	225 1/2	225 1/4	225 1/4	225 1/4	0
BW	230 1/2	230 1/4	230 1/4	230 1/4	0
BX	235 1/2	235 1/4	235 1/4	235 1/4	0
BY	240 1/2	240 1/4	240 1/4	240 1/4	0
BZ	245 1/2	245 1/4	245 1/4	245 1/4	0
CA	250 1/2	250 1/4	250 1/4	250 1/4	0
CB	255 1/2	255 1/4	255 1/4	255 1/4	0
CC	260 1/2	260 1/4	260 1/4	260 1/4	0
CD	265 1/2	265 1/4	265 1/4	265 1/4	0
CE	270 1/2	270 1/4	270 1/4	270 1/4	0
CF	275 1/2	275 1/4	275 1/4	275 1/4	0
CG	280 1/2	280 1/4	280 1/4	280 1/4	0
CH	285 1/2	285 1/4	285 1/4	285 1/4	0
CI	290 1/2	290 1/4	290 1/4	290 1/4	0
CJ	295 1/2	295 1/4	295 1/4	295 1/4	0
CK	300 1/2	300 1/4	300 1/4	300 1/4	0
CL	305 1/2	305 1/4	305 1/4	305 1/4	0
CM	310 1/2	310 1/4	310 1/4	310 1/4	0
CN	315 1/2	315 1/4	315 1/4	315 1/4	0
CO	320 1/2	320 1/4	320 1/4	320 1/4	0
CP	325 1/2	325 1/4	325 1/4	325 1/4	0
CQ	330 1/2	330 1/4	330 1/4	330 1/4	0
CR	335 1/2	335 1/4	335 1/4	335 1/4	0
CS	340 1/2	340 1/4	340 1/4	340 1/4	0
CT	345 1/2	345 1/4	345 1/4	345 1/4	0
CV	350 1/2	350 1/4	350 1/4	350 1/4	0
CW	355 1/2	355 1/4	355 1/4	355 1/4	0
CX	360 1/2	360 1/4	360 1/4	360 1/4	0
CY	365 1/2	365 1/4	365 1/4	365 1/4	0
CZ	370 1/2	370 1/4	370 1/4	370 1/4	0
DA	375 1/2	375 1/4	375 1/4	375 1/4	0
DB	380 1/2	380 1/4	380 1/4	380 1/4	0
DC	385 1/2	385 1/4	385 1/4	385 1/4	0
DD	390 1/2	390 1/4	390 1/4	390 1/4	0
DE	395 1/2	395 1/4	395 1/4	395 1/4	0
DF	400 1/2	400 1/4	400 1/4	400 1/4	0
DG	405 1/2	405 1/4	405 1/4	405 1/4	0
DH	410 1/2	410 1/4	410 1/4	410 1/4	0
DI	415 1/2	415 1/4	415 1/4	415 1/4	0
DJ	420 1/2	420 1/4	420 1/4	420 1/4	0
DK	425 1/2	425 1/4	425 1/4	425 1/4	0
DL	430 1/2	430 1/4	430 1/4	430 1/4	0
DM	435 1/2	435 1/4	435 1/4	435 1/4	0
DN	440 1/2	440 1/4	440 1/4	440 1/4	0
DO	445 1/2	445 1/4	445 1/4	445 1/4	0
DP	450 1/2	450 1/4	450 1/4	450 1/4	0
DQ	455 1/2	455 1/4	455 1/4	455 1/4	0
DR	460 1/2	460 1/4	460 1/4	460 1/4	0
DS	465 1/2	465 1/4	465 1/4	465 1/4	0
DT	470 1/2	470 1/4	470 1/4	470 1/4	0
DV	475 1/2	475 1/4	475 1/4	475 1/4	0
DW	480 1/2	480 1/4	480 1/4	480 1/4	0
DX	485 1/2	485 1/4	485 1/4	485 1/4	0
DY	490 1/2	490 1/4	490 1/4	490 1/4	0
DZ	495 1/2	495 1/4	495 1/4	495 1/4	0
EA	500 1/2	500 1/4	500 1/4	500 1/4	0
EB	505 1/2	505 1/4	505 1/4	505 1/4	0
EC	510 1/2	510 1/4	510 1/4	510 1/4	0
ED	515 1/2	515 1/4	515 1/4	515 1/4	0
EE	520 1/2	520 1/4	520 1/4	520 1/4	0
EF	525 1/2	525 1/4	525 1/4	525 1/4	0
EG	530 1/2	530 1/4	530 1/4	530 1/4	0
EH	535 1/2	535 1/4	535 1/4	535 1/4	0
EI	540 1/2	540 1/4	540 1/4	540 1/4	0
EJ	545 1/2	545 1/4	545 1/4	545 1/4	0
EK	550 1/2	550 1/4	550 1/4	550 1/4	0
EL	555 1/2	555 1/4	555 1/4	555 1/4	0
EM	560 1/2	560 1/4	560 1/4	560 1/4	0
EN	565				

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NYSE

Thursday's Closing Tables include the following prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere. Via The Associated Press

(Continued)

Table with columns: 12 Month High Low Stock, Div, Yld, PE, 1993, High, Low, Last, Chg, % Chg. Lists various stocks like AIG, Amgen, and others.

Table with columns: 12 Month High Low Stock, Div, Yld, PE, 1993, High, Low, Last, Chg, % Chg. Lists various stocks like Amgen, Amgen, and others.

Table with columns: 12 Month High Low Stock, Div, Yld, PE, 1993, High, Low, Last, Chg, % Chg. Lists various stocks like Amgen, Amgen, and others.

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ADVERTISEMENT INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

June 24, 1993

The marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied: (d) - daily; (w) - weekly; (b) - bi-monthly; (m) - monthly; (q) - quarterly; (s) - semi-annually; (y) - yearly; (n) - not available.

Table listing various international funds with columns for fund name, share price, and other details.

Table listing various international funds with columns for fund name, share price, and other details.

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U.S.-Seoul Accord On Economic Ties

SEUL — The United States and South Korea agreed Thursday to step up economic cooperation but remained at odds over Seoul's restrictions on imports of U.S. farm products, officials said.

Meanwhile, President Kim Young Sam said he saw no serious differences on trade and economic issues between the two countries as he prepared for talks with President Bill Clinton on July 10-11.

Trade between the two countries is about \$36 billion a year, slightly in favor of the United States. The United States has pressed South Korea to open its financial and agriculture markets faster.

John Spero, the U.S. undersecretary of state for economic affairs, asked Seoul on Thursday to ease its restrictions on U.S. investment and products, a South Korean Foreign Ministry statement said.

Ms. Spero also urged an early conclusion of beef talks that broke down Wednesday mainly over South Korea's refusal to allow larger amounts of American beef to enter the country, it said.

Ms. Spero headed the U.S. side at one-day economic talks. Deputy Foreign Minister Hong Soon Young led the Korean delegation. She and Mr. Hong agreed to set up a "dialogue for economic cooperation" to remove restrictions on business activities on each side, the statement said.

South Korean officials said the cooperation channel would be launched during the talks between Mr. Clinton and Mr. Kim.

Mr. Hong expressed concern at U.S. moves to impose anti-dumping charges against South Korean steel products. He also told Ms. Spero that South Korean farmers should be protected against cheap foreign imports.

Ms. Spero demanded that South Korea widen foreign access to its services and money markets.

The two agreed to cement bilateral economic ties by lifting trade barriers.

Aides to Mr. Kim have indicated that he and Mr. Clinton also might discuss future plans for the Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation organization, which includes 15 nations on the Pacific Rim and focuses on trade and economic cooperation.

Mr. Kim and Prime Minister Paul Keating of Australia agreed in talks last week to push at the Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation meeting in Seattle this year for summit talks among leaders of its member nations.

Overseas Investment

South Korea approved \$741 million of overseas investment in the first five months of this year, compared with \$459.6 million a year earlier, the Bank of Korea said, according to Reuters. "Some investment by small and medium-sized companies, which aim to take advantage of cheap labor in China, the ex-Soviet Union and Vietnam, contributed to the rise," the bank said.

Malaysian Inquiry Hits 2 Markets

SINGAPORE — Stock markets in Kuala Lumpur and Singapore declined Thursday as investors sold off shares amid concerns about a price-fixing investigation on the Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange, traders said.

In Kuala Lumpur, the Composite Index fell 16.3 points, or 2.27 percent, to 701.66, marking the seventh drop in eight days and the lowest level since late April.

Singapore's Straits Times industrial index closed 20.21 points, or 1.13 percent, lower at 1,770.90 in heavy volume. Decliners overwhelmed gainers 260 to 177.

Minister M. J. Radin, the chairman of Malaysia's Securities Commission, said his panel was investigating possible irregular price movements involving one or two stocks.

Traders said that at least nine Malaysian companies were being investigated, although stock exchange authorities have so far refused to comment on the inquiry.

The market in Kuala Lumpur had already been shaken last week when it was rumored that certain small companies were in line for takeovers by bigger concerns seeking a listing on the exchange, a process known as backdoor listing.

Unconfirmed reports that officials were planning a crackdown on backdoor listings led to heavy selling of shares even though authorities have denied that such a crackdown is in the works.

More Cracks in China System 2 Fraud Cases Point Up Market Problems

BEIJING — Two shocking cases of multi-million-dollar fraud have broken over the heads of China's regulatory officials this week, exposing cracks in the new market economy and hinting at even bigger political problems to come.

Beijing revealed that a major state bank had been stung by up to \$10 billion in false letters of credit and that a small-time businessman had managed to cheat more than 100,000 people out of their savings with a \$175 million pyramid scheme.

The twin financial debacles reveal what most Chinese have suspected for months — that China's rapid economic growth is giving rise to staggering malfeasance as order breaks down and central control splinters.

"This will just add to the soup of public cynicism," said a Western diplomat. "Nobody can predict when it will spill over. They are quite seriously panicked by the lack of discipline."

The first scandal came to light over the weekend, when officials at the Agricultural Bank of China revealed that the bank would not honor up to 201 letters of credit valued at more than \$10 billion because they were fake.

The letters were designed to serve as guarantees for importers to pay for overseas purchases.

The fraud was pinned on two men identified as American-born Chinese, who are under arrest, according to the official China Daily.

The bank's admission, which was transmitted to financial institutions around the world, is a sign of how easy it has become to circumvent regulations and conspire with local officials.

A potentially far more damaging case was revealed late Wednesday, when China announced that it had broken a fraud ring that had cheated tens of thousands of investors out of up to 1 billion yuan (\$175 million) by offering extremely high interest rates on shady corporate bonds.

Changcheng Co., led by Shen Taifu, set up a national pyramid scheme that lured people with the promise of interest rates as high as 43 percent. China is portraying Mr. Shen as a voracious and unprincipled cheat who took advantage of the gray areas that have appeared as Beijing tries to set up a market-style economy.

"With our socialist market economy in the early stages of development, many people are still not familiar with the system that has only just started to operate and do not know the rules and regulations," the People's Daily said Thursday. "This gives these cheats a perfect opportunity to stretch their hands into the pockets of the common people."

New Supervisory Group

China's stock supervisory body has set up an organization to approve applications to issue shares on China's two stock markets, the China Daily said Thursday. The Stock Issuing Examination and Approval Commission, established by the Securities Regulatory Commission, will examine a company's qualifications for issuing shares, the paper said.

been caught up in election fever following the dissolution of parliament when Prime Minister Kiichi Miyazawa suffered a vote of no confidence.

The G-7 is made up of Britain, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan and the United States. President Boris N. Yeltsin of Russia has been invited to attend the summit.

Earlier, a Foreign Ministry official, Yoshiki Mine, attempted to cover his tracks saying no amount of privatization aid had been decided. "I do not think there has been any agreement so far about how much money we are to assist to help or whether it should take the form of funds or not," Mr. Mine said.

Muto Retracts Scorn on Russia Aid

TOKYO — Foreign Minister Kabin Muto retracted Thursday criticism he made two days earlier that a U.S.-proposed \$4 billion fund to help privatize the Russian economy was ridiculously large.

Mr. Muto provoked a storm when he said the suggested fund was likely to be slashed to \$500 million at the summit meeting of the Group of Seven economic powers in Tokyo next month.

U.S. diplomats in Washington and Tokyo called in Japanese officials on Wednesday to ask them why Mr. Muto had ridiculed the U.S. proposal.

The State Department spokesman, Michael McCurry, said Mr. Muto's characterization "certainly doesn't square with the conversations we have had with the Japanese government."

In his retraction, Mr. Muto said it was inappropriate to declare in public that the proposed amount was too high.

The foreign minister had said the fund, which was proposed in April at a G-7 emergency meeting on aid to Russia, was "exaggerated," which can be interpreted as "silly" or "preposterous."

He said he regretted his choice of words, calling them "inlegant," and promising to use "more noble" language. He explained that he had

been caught up in election fever following the dissolution of parliament when Prime Minister Kiichi Miyazawa suffered a vote of no confidence.

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Broken Hill Set to Post Profit Jump

MELBOURNE — Australia's largest company, Broken Hill Pty., is expected to post after-tax profit of up to 1 billion Australian dollars (\$675 million) when it reports full-year results Friday, with petroleum a major factor, analysts say.

The analysis said they expected the final result, before one-time write-offs, would be in the range of 920 million and 1 billion dollars for the year that ended May 31.

That compares with an \$27 million dollar profit a year ago.

Reaching the billion mark would not be a first for the company. In the year that ended in May 1991, BHP reported record after-tax profit of 1,049 billion dollars.

BHP's results are always a major event for the Australian market, not only because of the company's size but also because BHP has come to typify Australia's resources sector worldwide.

Steel, minerals and petroleum remain the company's main profit earners.

BHP has diversified into the transport sector to become one of the world's largest international shippers.

It took a 27 percent stake in Foster's Brewing Group last year as the most expedient means of minimizing losses to the aftermath of a complicated deal to fend off an unwanted suitor in the 1980s.

The improvement in profit that BHP is expected to announce comes despite a weak Australian economy and a slowdown in the economies of BHP's main international trading partners.

In the nine months to Feb. 28, BHP reported profit of 727.7 million dollars, with the minerals division topping the other two major arms with earnings of \$21.3 million. The steel group contributed 143.1 million, and the petroleum division earned 362.7 million.

Investor's Asia

Hong Kong Hang Seng	Singapore Straits Times	Tokyo Nikkei 225
8000	2000	22000
7500	1900	20000
7000	1800	18000
6500	1700	16000
6000	1600	14000
5500	1500	12000
5000	1400	10000
4500	1300	8000
4000	1200	6000
3500	1100	4000
3000	1000	2000
2500	900	1000
2000	800	500
1500	700	200
1000	600	100
500	500	50
0	400	25

Exchange	Index	Thursday Close	Prev. Close	% Change
Hong Kong	Hang Seng	7022.50	7191.11	-1.13
Singapore	Straits Times	1,770.90	1,791.11	-1.13
Sydney	All Ordinaries	1,568.70	1,596.80	-1.71
Tokyo	Nikkei 225	19,895.07	19,482.52	+0.89
Kuala Lumpur	Composite	701.66	717.96	-2.27
Bangkok	SET	894.06	910.33	-1.79
Seoul	Composite Stock	782.95	782.83	+0.08
Taipei	Weighted Price	Closed	4,132.17	
Manila	Composite	1,548.89	1,554.86	-0.37
Jakarta	Stock Index	358.39	358.18	+0.62
New Zealand	NZSE-40	1,641.15	1,645.31	-0.25
Bombay	National Index	1,014.80	1,041.80	-2.59

Sources: Reuters, AFP
International Herald Tribune

Very briefly:

- Reuters Ltd. has been granted a license by Vietnam to launch an instantaneous financial and transaction service.
 - National Metallurgical Import & Export Corp. became the first Chinese company to float domestic bonds in U.S. dollars, with a \$40 million issue.
 - Wharf Holdings has launched a \$350 million issue of Euroconvertible bonds, thought to be the first by a Hong Kong company.
 - Japan granted South Korea's Koryu Securities Co. a license to open a branch in Tokyo, making it the first Korean brokerage in Japan.
 - Bank of Tokyo will resume operations in Ho Chi Minh City.
 - Hercules Inc. has sold about 63 percent of Australian Chemical Holdings Ltd. for 90.2 million Australian dollars (\$61.4 million).
 - Fujitsu Ltd. said the Technical University of Aachen, Germany, had ordered the first model of its ultrafast VPP-500 computer.
 - Israel Aircraft Industries will cut its payroll 10 percent in 1993 because of losses.
- AFP, Reuters, Bloomberg, APX

TRADE: Ministers Fail to Agree on Relaxing Curbs

Confirmed from Page 1

tain free trade, which many economists believe helps the world economy overall.

The mood at the meetings Wednesday and Thursday seemed to contrast with the optimism expressed earlier at a similar meeting in Paris early in June.

The ministers agreed among themselves not to talk publicly about the specifics. But according to officials who spoke on condition they not be identified, the biggest flare-up occurred over textiles.

The EC has been requesting the United States to cut tariffs that in some cases exceed 30 percent on fabrics and clothing.

In addition to wanting to boost its own exports of knitted fabrics and woolen suits, Europe argued

that if the United States maintained high tariffs, that would discourage developing nations, many of which depend on textile exports, from joining the GATT talks.

The United States maintained that it was already a big textile importer and that another part of the proposed GATT agreement already contained sufficient liberalization of textile trade.

Viewing the U.S. proposal on textile tariffs as inadequate, Europe began on Wednesday to pull back on some of its offers to reduce barriers in other areas. That led the meeting downward to a much lower level of ambition, "a European official said.

But then, he said, "we realized we were looking at a much smaller package than anyone wanted," and

"we had a radical rethinking overnight." In the morning, the trade ministers took the extraordinary step of evicting their aides and meeting alone for two and a half hours. "We brought it back from the really low point," the official said.

Japan, which has the world's largest trade surplus, has not offered what the other countries view as acceptable proposals for reducing its tariffs on wood and wood products, distilled spirits, leather goods and processed foods.

Agreements have been reached in essence among all four parties to reduce tariffs on such products as pharmaceuticals, chemicals, medical equipment and construction equipment, the U.S. official said.

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Herald Tribune

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DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT

The shareholders are informed that GT INVESTMENT FUND will pay a dividend of US\$ 0.04 - per share on June 28, 1993 to registered shareholders on record on June 18, 1993. Shares are to be traded ex-dividend as from June 18, 1993.

The dividend is payable to holders of bearer shares against presentation of coupon n° 6 to the following paying agents:

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Luxembourg

The Board of Directors

AMEX
Thursday's Closing
Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere. Via The Associated Press

12 Month High	Low	Div	Yld	PE	52 Wk High	52 Wk Low	Change
AA	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
AAE	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
AAI	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
AAJ	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
AAK	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
AAO	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
AAQ	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
AAU	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
AAV	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
AAW	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
AAZ	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABA	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABD	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABE	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABF	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABG	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABH	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABI	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABJ	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABK	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABL	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABM	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABN	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABO	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABP	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABQ	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABR	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABS	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABT	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABU	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABV	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABW	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABX	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABY	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ABZ	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACA	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACB	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACC	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACD	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACE	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACF	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACG	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACH	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACI	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACJ	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACK	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACL	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACM	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACN	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACO	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACP	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACQ	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACR	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACS	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACT	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACU	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACV	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACW	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACX	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACY	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ACZ	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADA	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADB	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADC	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADD	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADE	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADF	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADG	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADH	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADI	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADJ	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADK	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADL	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADM	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADN	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADO	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADP	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADQ	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00
ADR	1.40	0					

SPORTS BASEBALL

Orioles Trump Tigers 2d Time

The Associated Press
The Baltimore Orioles found another unique way to beat the Detroit Tigers.

One night after they overcame a six-run deficit to win, Rick Sutcliffe did something no other pitcher has done against the Tigers this season: threw a complete game.

Sutcliffe won his sixth straight decision, remaining unbeaten since April 27, and Chris Hoiles hit his fourth home run in three games to lead the Orioles to a 6-2 victory Wednesday night.

Cal Ripken hit his eighth homer for Baltimore, which moved four

and Harold Baines' double-play grounder made it 3-1.

Hoiles, who hit two homers in Baltimore's 12-9 victory Tuesday, hit a solo home run in the fourth. Ripken made it 6-1 lead with a two-run homer in the eighth.

Yankees 4, Blue Jays 3: Jimmy Key beat Toronto in his first start against his former club and stopped the host Blue Jays' seven-game winning streak.

Paul O'Neill broke a 3-3 tie in the fifth with a groundout that scored Don Mattingly, who had three hits and drove in two runs.

John Olerud was hitless in four at-bats, ending his hitting streak at 26 games and dropping his average to .404. With runners on first and third in the eighth, Steve Howe got Olerud to hit into an inning-ending double play.

Angels 8, Royals 7: Kelly Gruber drove in four runs as visiting California took an eight-run lead, then hung on to drop Kansas City out of first place in the AL West.

Gruber hit his third home run of the season, a three-run drive in the third off Chris Haney, who was tagged for seven runs and five hits in three innings.

Mariners 8, Athletics 7: Jay Bulmer became the first player for host Seattle to hit for the cycle, scoring the winning run with a 14th-inning triple that beat Oakland.

Bulmer, who went 4 for 7, hit his fourth grand slam in the majors in the first inning, doubled in the third and singled in the fifth. Ken Griffey Jr. hit his fifth home run in four games.

Indians 8, Brewers 1: Jose Mesa allowed three hits in seven innings as Cleveland handed visiting Milwaukee its fifth consecutive loss. The Indians rallied from a 1-0 deficit in the seventh on Paul Soriano's RBI single and Thomas Howard's sacrifice fly.

Red Sox 3, Twins 1: Aaron Sele struck out eight in Boston and allowed just five hits in seven innings in his major league debut as visiting Minnesota lost its ninth straight, the majors' longest skid this year.

White Sox 7, Rangers 4: Frank Thomas hit a two-run homer as Chicago completed a three-game sweep of visiting Texas.

AL ROUNDUP

games over .500 for the first time this year. By winning the first two games of the three-game series, the Orioles won a seventh straight series for the first time since May 1986.

They have also won 16 of 19 and eight straight at home to move within six games of the first-place Tigers in the AL East.

No pitcher had gone the distance against Detroit since last Aug. 26. Sutcliffe was an unlikely candidate, considering that he had not pitched a complete game since July 10, 1992. But the 37-year-old right-hander continually worked out of difficulty, stranding eight runners.

"It's been a long time since I've gone that far," Sutcliffe said. "I've been struggling in the middle part of the game, and I had some tough times tonight, too."

Sutcliffe was making his first start in eight days after missing a turn while serving a suspension for his part in a brawl with the Seattle Mariners on June 6.

He allowed eight hits, walking three and striking out four. The key moment came in the seventh, when he gave up two straight one-out singles with Baltimore nursing a 4-1 lead. But Sutcliffe then retired Tony Phillips on a flyout and Lou Whitaker on a grounder.

Baltimore took the lead with three unearned runs in the third. With the bases loaded and no outs, Ripken hit a bouncer to the mound. Mike Moore threw wildly to the plate, allowing two runs to score.



Carlos Garcia, with a leg up but no help from the Cubs' Ray Sanchez, got a double play in Pittsburgh.

Marlins Lose, and Fans Love It

The Associated Press
Taking the field for the first time in his adopted hometown, Cuban defector Rene Arocha was — and made — a big hit in Miami.

The rookie pitcher beat the Florida Marlins with his bat Wednesday night, his first major-league hit, a base-loaded single, scoring two runs as the St. Louis Cardinals won, 4-3.

"Now he probably thinks that he can hit," said the Cardinals' ace reliever, Lee Smith.

Arocha raised his record to 6-2 despite his shortest stint as a starter, 3 1/2 innings. His lead was protected by four relievers, with Smith getting the final four outs for his major league-leading 25th save.

"Having a hit with the bases loaded, that topped my first major-league victory," said Arocha, who had been 0 for 19 before his single up the middle in the second inning. "I knew what the feeling was like to win a game, but I didn't know what the feeling was to have a hit in a major-league game."

Arocha is a hero among the Cuban American community in Miami, where he defected from the

NL ROUNDUP

Cuban national team nearly two years ago. A crowd of 37,936 cheered each time his name was announced, and he received a standing ovation when he left the game.

Another Cuban, Orestes Destrade, figured in each of the runs scored against Arocha. He lined an RBI single in the first, doubled and scored in the fourth, and reached third on second baseman Geromino Pena's two-base error in the

sixth, when the Marlins later scored on Jeff Conine's sacrifice fly.

Phillies 8, Braves 3: Atlanta's bullpen allowed six runs in the seventh inning in Philadelphia after John Smoltz worked six innings, allowing three hits and two runs while striking out 10 and walking five.

Reliever Greg McMichael started the seventh and gave up a two-run single to Jim Eisenreich and RBI singles to Darren Daulton and Mickey Morandini. Two more runs scored on bases-loaded walks by Mark Wohlers and Steve Bedrosian.

Giants 6, Padres 2: Robby Thompson got his first two-homer game in the majors and Bud Black, who struck out a season-high eight while walking one, won his fourth straight start as San Francisco, at home, posted its seventh victory in eight games.

Rockies 15, Reds 5: Vinny Castilla and Danny Sheffer each drove in a club-record five runs against Cincinnati as Colorado completed its most successful homestand. The Rockies went 8-4 in the 12-game set and drew 679,635 fans — more than San Diego, Montreal and Milwaukee have drawn all season.

Expos 4, Mets 3: Dennis Martinez won his sixth straight decision for Montreal as Larry Walker hit a decisive two-run homer in the sixth inning in New York.

Pirates 9, Cubs 4: Jeff King homered and hit a run-scoring triple against visiting Chicago and Don Slaught had two doubles and a single as Pittsburgh won for the seventh time in its last eight home games.

Astros 5, Dodgers 3: Eric Anthony's three-run homer with one out in the ninth in Los Angeles gave Houston its first ninth-inning comeback in 28 tries this season.

New Reality, Old Mores

In Age of AIDS, Sex Is Still Easy to Find

By Bill Brubaker

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — Before Magic Johnson's announcement in the fall of 1991 that he had contracted the virus that causes AIDS, professional sports leagues did little to educate their players about the disease. Now players in the National Basketball Association are offered the most comprehensive AIDS education program in pro sports.

But neither it nor Johnson's revelation has eliminated one element of the jock culture: those women who

Second in a series

will do almost anything to have sex with a pro athlete. "With the explosion of the popularity of basketball over the last couple of years, interest in our guys has only increased," said Charles Grantham, the players' association's executive director.

The attraction can be financial, or physical. "Once some woman finds out you're a pro athlete, it seems like a dollar sign goes up in their heads," said Harvey Grant of the Washington Bullets. And he added, "You know, they've got on short pants and a shirt, so the physical attraction is more obvious."

Either way, the groupies dress to be noticed, whether at a game or nightclub or hotel bar.

"Some of the things they wear, it's like unbelievable," said Alex English, a former NBA star who is now a players' association executive. "A lot of them think: Why not go get an NBA husband?"

"There are more and more people at hotels now, hanging out downstairs, trying to call your room," said Rolando Blackman, a guard for the New York Knicks. "They'll say, 'I'm a friend of a friend who told me to give you a call. So what's happening after the game?'"

Armon Gilliam, a five-year NBA veteran whose contract was recently bought out by the Philadelphia 76ers, explained how some NBA players share women.

"A guy goes to a city and he meets this woman who's willing, let's put it that way. He knows his friend is going to be in that city maybe two weeks later playing the same team. So he'll say, 'Well, she was a lot of fun. She was willing. Give her a call.' Sometimes he doesn't even tell the woman the other guy will be calling. But she's willing again."

"I know of a girl who's with 10 different athletes a year," he continued. "Different sports too. The riskiest behavior is dealing with an overexposed woman who has been dealing with other guys who are constantly overexposed. Eventually somebody is going to contract something. And it's going to spread fast in that group."

Do NBA players talk much about groupies?

"Yes, and it's not necessarily. She's a groupie, stay away from her," Gilliam said. "It's: 'Maybe you want to get with her.'"

On road trips, some players have found a welcome alternative to groupies or watching television: nightclubs that feature topless and all-male dancers. It's a trend that began about two years ago, around the time of Magic Johnson's bombshell.

"Guys just want to go out and look at women instead of being with them," the Bullets' Grant explained. "You know: Look, don't touch."

At Scores, a glittery, topless club on Manhattan's East Side, women wearing G-strings gyrate in front of customers for a standard, \$20-per-dance tip.

"The Knicks, Nets, Giants, Jets, Rangers, Bullets and the visiting baseball teams — we get them all," said Craig Carino, the club's president.

Grant, 27 and married, said one night he dropped \$500 in "table dancer" tips at a club such as Scores.

Not everyone in the NBA is wild about this trend. One player, who asked not to be identified, said he knows players who have had sexual relations with strippers. "Is that a high-risk activity? Well, you make the call," the player said.

Carino said he can't stop his strippers from dating customers. "Listen, boys will be boys and girls will be girls," he said. "As long as everybody is enjoying themselves, it's good, clean fun."

Blackman declined an invitation to a party at Scores last month hosted by teammate Charles Oakley.

"If your name is printed in the newspaper that you were at this type of club, people form opinions about

you," Blackman said. "When you're a pro athlete, people are always watching what you're doing."

"Just look at the Portland situation."

On a Saturday afternoon in January four players for the Trail Blazers — rookies Dave Johnson, Tracy Murray and Reggie Smith and nine-year veteran Jerome Kersey — met three teenage girls at a shopping mall in Salt Lake City.

With little to do until a Sunday afternoon game against the Utah Jazz, the players invited the girls to the team's hotel. What happened on the 12th floor of the Salt Lake City Marriott that night became the subject of a police investigation.

One girl, 16, told police she had sex with a player, then left his room. Unable to get a ride, she and her two friends could spend the night in his room.

"The player asked what was in it for him," Salt Lake County Attorney David Yocom wrote in a report on the incident, "and the girl responded that they all would have sex with him."

The girl told police she had sex with "four or five" players that night; the other 16-year-old said she had sex with three. The third girl, 15, said she did not have sex but witnessed sexual activity involving her friends.

The players said they did not have sex with the girls. Yocom concluded there was sexual activity, but consensual.

Although no criminal charges were filed, the team fined Kersey and Smith \$15,000 each and fined and suspended Murray and Johnson for three games, costing them \$46,500 and \$38,300, respectively.

"The Portland situation goes back to making mature judgments," said Grantham, the players' union director. "But sometimes I think we are unable to see pro athletes as what they really are: young people, sometimes a little immature, who unfortunately must mature in a fishbowl."

Geoff Petre, the Trail Blazers' senior vice president for operations, said there was one encouraging sign to the incident: "In their testimony, the girls said the players used condoms. So maybe Magic Johnson and all the warnings these players have been hearing are having some effect."

As the most celebrated player to enter the NBA in a generation, the 7-foot, 1-inch Shaquille O'Neal has heard the warnings. But as he sat in the Orlando locker room before a practice, having agreed to discuss what it's like to be young, rich and famous in the post-Magic Johnson NBA, he seemed painfully naive.

"When it was suggested he had a lot to lose if he didn't practice safe sex, O'Neal shook his head.

"It's hard to get pregnant," he said. "It is. People don't realize that. One, the woman has to be ovulating. Two, the sperm has to be in the right temperature. If all that crap isn't working, she ain't going to get pregnant."

A moment later, O'Neal didn't seem to think he could get the AIDS virus through unprotected sex with any woman who has the virus, known as HIV.

"Studies show she has to be active," he said. "Like if she has the virus but she's not active and you do it to her... it might not happen."

Dressing in the next cubicle, Dennis Scott, 24, tried to come to the rescue of his younger teammate. But Scott couldn't do much better.

"What Shaq is saying is: She has to be like... what's the word I'm looking for? When he says 'active'... I guess the bodily fluids have to be so you can't catch it. I guess the person has to have an outbreak and you have to be with her at the time. It's a lot of ifs, what-ifs."

O'Neal turned away, bobbing his head to the music of SWV, a popular rhythm and blues group. It was clear he was uncomfortable discussing the health care crisis that only 19 months ago became an issue in professional sports. "I don't have anything more to say about AIDS," O'Neal said. But he did.

Nudging Scott, the NBA's newest superstar let loose with a little rap.

"We're talking about the HIV virus," O'Neal said. "And I'm hanging with my homeboy Cyrus."

"Oh, Shaq doesn't know anybody named Cyrus," Scott said the next day. "Shaq was only joking. Looking for a word that rhymed with virus."

Tomorrow: The virus

"They'll say, 'I'm a friend of a friend who told me to give you a call. So what's happening after the game?'"

Rolando Blackman, New York Knicks

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Tomorrow: The virus

In AL East, Pitfalls to Watch as Big 4 Face Off

By Claire Smith

New York Times Service

BALTIMORE — Because this is the American League, with its balanced schedule and knack for putting off what is important to almost midseason, the really good bouts on the fight card usually do not start until June.

Well, it's here, and the heavyweights of the American League East are having at it. The Tigers, the Blue Jays, the Yankees and the Orioles — the Big Four to the division's Little Three — are in a stretch where, more likely than not, one of the enemies they care most about will be staring at them from across the field.

"Now we're at a point where we want to make a statement as far as who we are," said the Yankees' Don Mattingly.

So say they all.

The first-place Tigers, who have feasted on AL East opponents, started a nine-day trek to Baltimore, Boston and New York looking for more. They lost a second straight game in Baltimore on Wednesday night. Still, Detroit is the best to be beaten, what with its 21-11

record against division rivals and bushed bag full of sluggers and surprises, as the league-leading 86 home runs and league-leading 33-14 record among starting pitchers show.

The second-place Blue Jays, who had a seven-game winning streak halted by the Yankees, are in a similar stretch, with New York, Milwaukee and Baltimore on the calendar.

The third-place Yankees, who survived what could have been a devastating period because of a spate of injuries, are healthier and on a 10-4 run. They need to stay that way to remain in the four-way race, what with tests against the Orioles and Tigers to follow Toronto.

The Orioles, most in danger of falling off the pace to the extent where it becomes a Big Three/Little Four scenario, showed something in the last several weeks, winning 19 of 27 games. But the fact that the streak only whittled the fourth-place Orioles' deficit in the standings from 10 games to 6 shows how tough it is to gain in this division. It also shows how precarious the next week and a half could be against the likes of visiting Detroit, New York and Toronto.

The Tigers are fresh off an 11-game home stand in which muscles were flexed and points more than made, in which 21 home runs were hit and eight games were won. Still, their pitching, stalwart to this point, is always going to be subject to question.

But they are not alone in trying to maneuver around question marks and pitfalls.

Toronto, for all its production from WAMCO (White, Alosar, Mollitor, Carter and Olerud) worries most about a rotation in which Jack Morris and Dave Stewart, of all people, are the biggest questions.

The Yankees, in search of the 15-5 type of run that Mattingly insists the team needs to make its mark, are also in search of the old Mattingly in the No. 3 hole, as well as a bullpen not likely to leak like a sieve at the most inopportune time.

The Orioles? The fact that their most consistent starters include the nonroster blessings Fernando Valenzuela and Jamie Moyer suggests that the most depended-upon Ben McDonald, at 3-6, is still not getting it done.

DENNIS THE MENACE



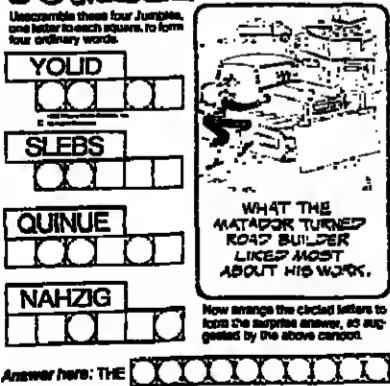
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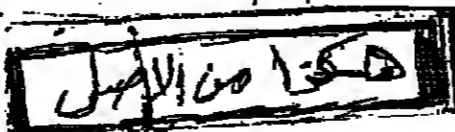
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SPORTS WIMBLEDON

'Very Sad' Medvedev Also a French Victim

The Associated Press
WIMBLEDON, England — Teenage sensation Andre Medvedev preceded Ivan Lendl, the oldest man in the field, out of the Wimbledon tournament Thursday, both having been beaten in the second round by Frenchmen in Wimbledon's first major upset.

Medvedev, seeded 10th at his first Wimbledon, was eliminated by Cedric Pioline, 6-7 (9-7), 7-5 (8-6), 6-3, 6-4. The 18-year-old Ukrainian said he was despondent over a personal matter and would have preferred not to play.

Both No. 2 seeds won easily. Martina Navratilova, seeking her 10th Wimbledon crown, ran her record to 10-0 against Rosalyn Nideffer of South Africa, 6-0, 6-4. Stefan Edberg, the odds-makers favorite

to win his third title, improved to 8-0 against Israel's Amos Mansour with a 6-3, 6-4, 6-4 victory.

The men's third seed, Jim Courier, was given a battle before beating Ronald Agnir of Haiti, 7-5, 6-1, 7-6 (7-1). Fifth-seeded Goran Ivanisevic had an even more difficult time against Chris Bailey of Britain before he advanced, 5-7, 7-6 (7-3), 6-7 (3-7), 6-4, 9-7.

Earlier in the day, Ivanisevic was fined \$1,000 for swearing during Tuesday's first-round match. He was the fourth player penalized in a crackdown on obscenity.

The top seeds, Pete Sampras and Steffi Graf, had the day off after winning second-round matches Wednesday.

Medvedev advanced to the semifinals of the French Open earlier this month, routing Edberg along the way. But he was plagued by errors and lapses of concentration Thursday.

Afterward, he attributed the loss to a recent setback in his personal life. He repeatedly refused to elaborate, but when asked if he was sad, he replied "Yes, absolutely."

Medvedev's sister, Natalia, who won her second-round match, shed little light on her brother's problems. But she dismissed a suggestion that he was having romantic troubles with the German pro Anke Huber, saying the two were just friends.

Pioline, ranked 23d in the world after repeated strong showings this spring, reached the third round here for the first time in three tries.

Michael Chang, seeded 12th, survived his second-straight five-set match, 6-7 (7-2), 6-3, 6-4, 3-6, 6-4 over Todd Woodbridge of Australia in 3 hours, 44 minutes. Not renowned for his grass-court play, Chang was ousted in first round here the past two years.

Thursday Results

WOMEN'S SINGLES, SECOND ROUND
 Richard Krajicek, Belgium, def. Olivier Delafrere, France, 6-4, 6-2, 7-6 (7-5);
 Janine Hlawny, Austria, def. Susanna Larsson, Sweden, 6-3, 6-4, 6-2;
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 Kim Clijsters, Belgium, def. Katerina Malekovic, Croatia, 6-4, 6-2, 6-4;
 Conchita Martinez, Spain, def. Larus Paolillo, Iceland, 6-4, 6-2, 6-4;
 Martina Navratilova, U.S., def. Rosalyn Nideffer, South Africa, 6-0, 6-4;
 Stefanie Graf, Germany, def. Martina Hingis, Switzerland, 6-4, 6-2, 6-4;
 Andre Medvedev, Ukraine, def. Cedric Pioline, France, 6-7 (9-7), 7-5 (8-6), 6-3, 6-4;
 Goran Ivanisevic, Croatia, def. Chris Bailey, Britain, 5-7, 7-6 (7-3), 6-7 (3-7), 6-4, 9-7;
 Jim Courier, U.S., def. Ronald Agnir, Haiti, 7-5, 6-1, 7-6 (7-1);
 Amos Mansour, Israel, def. Ivan Lendl, U.S., 6-3, 6-4, 6-4;
 Michael Chang, Taiwan, def. Todd Woodbridge, Australia, 6-7 (7-2), 6-3, 6-4, 3-6, 6-4;
 Stefan Edberg, Sweden, def. David Wheaton, U.S., 6-4, 6-2, 6-4;
 Petr Korda, Czech Republic, def. David Wheaton, U.S., 6-4, 6-2, 6-4;
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Michael Chang had to hop to it to beat Todd Woodbridge.

Lendl: Not Grand but Still Farewell

By Ian Thomsen
International Herald Tribune

WIMBLEDON — Ivan Lendl was manipulating the young Frenchman, turning him around and backward and forward with just a racket and a ball, which is really quite a trick. At that point Thursday, he had many more images of the unimaginable.

"How would he react if he ever did win here?" it was said, just loud enough for Lendl to hear over the steady background of compressions and snarled arguments. An American journalist frowned at the idea far away, and for that moment he looked just like Lendl. "I don't know," he said finally.

At that point, Arnaud Boetsch had not yet topped Lendl by the score of 4-6, 7-5, 6-3, 6-4. Lendl was involved perhaps two stories below, giving those in the upper reaches a view of his shoulders and the back of his head, and the feeling that they were snooping on him in his garden as he worked. All around were the thousands close enough to yell his name who never thought of doing it. To everyone he was the neighbor you never really knew. His kind forbids even that much insight until he is gone.

For more than the first set he could not be beaten, which has always been his goal. Others simply want to win. He was in the second round and approaching the third like some kind of computerized game that Boetsch couldn't crack. It was a marvelous day for Lendl. He wore his glowing white uniform beneath the unobtrusive stripes around his socks matched those around his sweatbands, which were like masculine bracelets with a styled neatness one era removed from Andre Agassi, or even Jim Courier.

"I was a bit surprised," Boetsch said. "I saw his game in Nice in France, on clay courts, and I thought he was a bit slower and a bit less on the court. He didn't miss a lot of serves. He made a lot of aces, and he was quite strong."

The American journalist had been praying aloud for a final between Agassi and Lendl. It was clear he felt no special regard for Lendl. "He'll win the title, and then we'll have to make him look charismatic and charming," the writer said. He was talking notes and dreaming when suddenly those about him realized that the score being written in for the 12th game of the second set reading: 15-30. Lendl was serving. His second serve thumped like a wet towel and slid along the length of the tape until it was out of bounds. He had double-faulted to 15-40.

"No," Boetsch said, and then out of respect: "I didn't have time to think about that, you know."

But when he realized he was meeting here one of the game's champions on Court No. 1? "It was like a small dream," Boetsch remarked, and not cynically.

As the day wore on, Lendl would convert little more than half of his first serves. Over the last half of his public life he grew in his devotion to this tournament. He tried everything to make himself over into a grasscourt champion. At last his plans were crumbling in their foundation. He could not serve, and so how could he attack? All those years learning to volley, and he could not run four steps from here to there. He double-faulted 11 times, including break point, as Boetsch moved past him for good in the sixth game of the third set.



Ivan Lendl was stretched before he was broken by Arnaud Boetsch, 4-6, 7-5, 6-3, 6-4.

the French Open final, when John McEnroe had him down two sets and Lendl won. That was in 1984, when Lendl was a year older than Boetsch is now. Did he feel any poignancy now opposing him, the very same Lendl?

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Allegations of Match Fixing Shake Polish Soccer

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
WARSAW — Four premier league soccer teams have fined 500 million zlotys (\$28,700) each and one club has suspended its players amid allegations that two matches that decided the league championship were fixed.

The scandal that has shaken the Polish sporting world began Wednesday with a report by a local newspaper, Echo Krakowa, that national champion Legia Warszawa paid \$46,000 for its 6-0 victory Sunday over Wisla Krakow.

The report quoted an unnamed official of the Wisla club.

The six-goal victory allowed Legia to win the Polish premier league title for the first time in 23 years. The same day, LKS Lodz beat

Olimpia Poznan, 7-1; both Legia and LKS finished the season with 49 points, but Legia won the title on goal differential.

The Polish soccer federation said it could not comment on Echo Krakowa's bribery allegation without proof. But on Monday the federation imposed maximum fines on all four teams for "lack of sporting attitude," said Edmund Zientara, the association's secretary.

On Wednesday, Wisla suspended all of its players who appeared in the Legia match for one week and suspended payments to them.

Diego Maradona said Wednesday in Buenos Aires that his return to Argentina was "final" and that his soccer career is likely finished.

"After eighteen years in the soccer fields, it's practically decided that I'm not going to play any more," Maradona said at the airport after returning from Spain.

"After the match with Burgos, I realized it was the end for me."

The 32-year-old striker, taken out of the Spanish league match June 13, summed off the field, insulted coach said mentor Carlos Bilardo and told reporters he would deal with Bilardo "like a man — if he is a man."

"Either Carlos was wrong or I was wrong that time," Maradona said at the airport. "We talked afterwards and straightened everything out."

Sevilla, which obtained Maradona for a \$7.5 million transfer fee from the Italian club Napoli after

his 15-month drug suspension ended last year, announced this week that it would not pay the last \$1.125 million owed to the Dutch company Septor Holding, which controls rights to Maradona's name.

The club said it considered the contract broken because Maradona's "systematic failure" to practice, the "bad image" he projects and his poor physical condition.

Angel Jordaneanu was named coach of the Romanian national team Thursday to replace Cornel Dinu, who was sacked after the 5-2 loss to Czechoslovakia in a World Cup qualifier on June 2.

Jordaneanu coached the army team Steaua from 1986 to 1990, then the Cyprus team Anorthosis Famagusta for two years. (AP, Reuters)

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SIDELINES

French Open Mark Tied and Broken

PARIS (UPI) — David Williams of England, who got into French Open only because some of the European tour's stars stayed away, broke the course record Thursday for a one-stroke lead after the first round.

Williams shot 7-under-par 64 to break the record by one. Playing partner Greg Sorenson carded 65 and a large group at 66 included Peter Mitchell of England.

Mitchell would have broken the record, too, but was assessed a two-shot penalty on the first tee when, after misreading his starting time, he arrived 20 seconds late, just after one of his playing partners had teed off.

Barkley Cancels His NBA Retirement

PHOENIX (AP) — Charles Barkley put a quick end to his retirement talk.

"I cannot leave," the Phoenix Suns' star said Wednesday. "We haven't won our championship. I have to give it another shot."

"I've got to do a better job on my body," Barkley said. "I haven't done a good job doing that. I'm going to dedicate myself to the weight room. I want to get physically stronger and more defined. If I get on a weightlifting program, my body will not be as sore or beat up. It'll hold up better."

Deaths May Change Triple Crown

NEW YORK (NYT) — Racing officials, reacting to fatal injuries to star horses in the Preakness Stakes last month and the Belmont Stakes three weeks ago, are exploring a landmark change that would provide more spacing between the races in the Triple Crown series.

No new format has been developed, but one racing executive reported that one sequence under discussion was this: The Kentucky Derby would still be run on the first Saturday in May, but the Preakness would be run one month (instead of two weeks) later and the Belmont Stakes one month (instead of three weeks) after that. So, instead of three demanding races in five weeks' time, the races would be spread over eight weeks' time.

For the Record

Gary Sheffield, the 1992 National League baring champion, became the latest victim of the San Diego Padres' salary purge Thursday when he was traded to his home state Florida Marlins.

Greg Leary dropped out of the Route du Sud in southern France and his team manager said the three-time winner may not compete in the Tour de France starting July 3.

LeRoy Walker, president of the U.S. Olympic Committee, said he is trying to convince members of Congress to drop their resolution opposing Beijing's bid to stage the Games of the year 2000.

An article on Dan Majette of the Phoenix Suns on June 17 incorrectly spelled the name of his home town. It is Traverse City, Michigan.

TRANSACTIONS

BASEBALL
 BALTIMORE — Signed Jimmy Walker, pitcher, and released him to Albany, N.Y.
 BOSTON — Signed Al Oliver, pitcher, coach for Fort Myers, GCL. Pul Luis Rivera, pitcher, on 15-day disabled list retroactive to June 21.
 MINNESOTA — Acquired Kent Hrbek, first baseman, from 15-day disabled list. Released Alvin Monahan, catcher, first baseman, to Portland, PCL.

BASKETBALL

EUROPEAN CHAMPIONSHIPS
 Wednesday's Results
 First Round — Group A
 Sweden 78, Russia 72
 Spain 89, Slovenia-Herzegovina 86
 L. — Greece 77
 Croatia 76, Bulgaria 78

SCOREBOARD

BASEBALL

Major League Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE			
Team	W	L	Pct.
Toronto	42	37	.529
Seattle	42	38	.521
New York	42	39	.519
Baltimore	39	39	.500
Minnesota	39	41	.488
Chicago	38	42	.476
West Division			
Chicago	37	32	.538
California	34	33	.512
Kansas City	33	32	.515
Seattle	32	34	.485
Texas	31	39	.441
Minnesota	30	40	.431
Oakland	28	39	.416
NATIONAL LEAGUE			
Team	W	L	Pct.
Philadelphia	38	21	.645
St. Louis	40	20	.667
Cincinnati	38	22	.630
Pittsburgh	34	36	.486
Chicago	33	36	.476
Florida	32	39	.449
Atlanta	32	39	.449
New York	30	38	.438
West Division			
San Francisco	48	24	.667
Atlanta	42	28	.600
Houston	34	32	.515
Los Angeles	34	32	.515
Cincinnati	33	29	.533
Colorado	25	45	.357

Wednesday's Line Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE			
Team	W	L	Pct.
Chicago	282	188	.599
Pittsburgh	281	189	.597
Los Angeles	280	190	.594
Seattle	279	191	.592
San Francisco	278	192	.590
Atlanta	277	193	.588
Philadelphia	276	194	.586
St. Louis	275	195	.584
Minnesota	274	196	.582
San Diego	273	197	.580
Los Angeles	272	198	.578
Chicago	271	199	.576
Seattle	270	200	.574
San Francisco	269	201	.572
Atlanta	268	202	.570
Philadelphia	267	203	.568
St. Louis	266	204	.566
Minnesota	265	205	.564
San Diego	264	206	.562
Los Angeles	263	207	.560
Chicago	262	208	.558
Seattle	261	209	.556
San Francisco	260	210	.554
Atlanta	259	211	.552
Philadelphia	258	212	.550
St. Louis	257	213	.548
Minnesota	256	214	.546
San Diego	255	215	.544
Los Angeles	254	216	.542
Chicago	253	217	.540
Seattle	252	218	.538
San Francisco	251	219	.536
Atlanta	250	220	.534
Philadelphia	249	221	.532
St. Louis	248	222	.530
Minnesota	247	223	.528
San Diego	246	224	.526
Los Angeles	245	225	.524
Chicago	244	226	.522

OBSERVER

Don't Forget to Write

By Russell Baker
NEW YORK — Mr. W. C. T. of Ossipee, New York, has a grievance against "names." They don't answer his letters. He has sent me a letter complaining about it.

lem. This is the growing frustration among "ordinary" people with a society that doesn't listen to them or even care what they have to say.

It is rudeness pure and loutish not to respond to a civil letter. When "names" behave rudely to "ordinary" letter-writing people they contribute to the spreading barbarism that makes American life increasingly crude.

Schiller Theater To Close in Berlin

THE Berlin Senate has announced a number of cultural austerity measures of which the most radical is the closing of the Schiller Theater, one of the leading German-language theaters in Europe and for years West Berlin's principal state-subsidized theater.

Why do "names" fail to answer letters from "ordinary" people? Many reasons. Illiteracy, for instance. No "name" wants to betray it to "ordinary" people by sending them mail filled with graceless sentences.

Many "names," though once literate, have lost their writing know-how after years of communicating only by telephone and fax.

W. C. T.'s complaint goes to the heart of a dangerous national problem. This is the growing frustration among "ordinary" people with a society that doesn't listen to them or even care what they have to say.

Sons of Invention? The Zappa Brothers

By Mike Zwerin
International Herald Tribune

PARIS — Out of perversion, boredom, pomposity, an attempt to live up to their quirky names, or just plain ornerness inherited from their brilliant but volatile father Frank, Ahmet and Dweezil Zappa had assumed what can be described, only slightly oversimplified, as a spoiled-rotten kid stance.

They were playing clown (Groucho-like eyebrow action) and philosopher (thoughtful hairy-chest-stroking) like good cop, bad cop. Dweezil, the Ahmet an indulgent look and explained: "A lot of jazz guys play seriously hideous notes but has this attitude, like 'I'm tough. I'm a jazzman.'"

Recalling that their father once said: "Jazz isn't dead, it just smells bad," I put one and two together and realized that the spoiled-rich-kid number was actually deeper, a sort of dynastic superiority complex. "We're a very close family," Dweezil said, understanding it. Their sister Moon Unit had a hit called "Valley Girls." Frank is fighting prostate cancer (their ground rules specified not discussing it).

music "in the library," which was "cheaper than music school." He collected rhythm-and-blues records and investigated Webers and Varese before cutting rock records called "Uncle Meat," "Hot Rats," and "Burnt Weeny Sandwich."

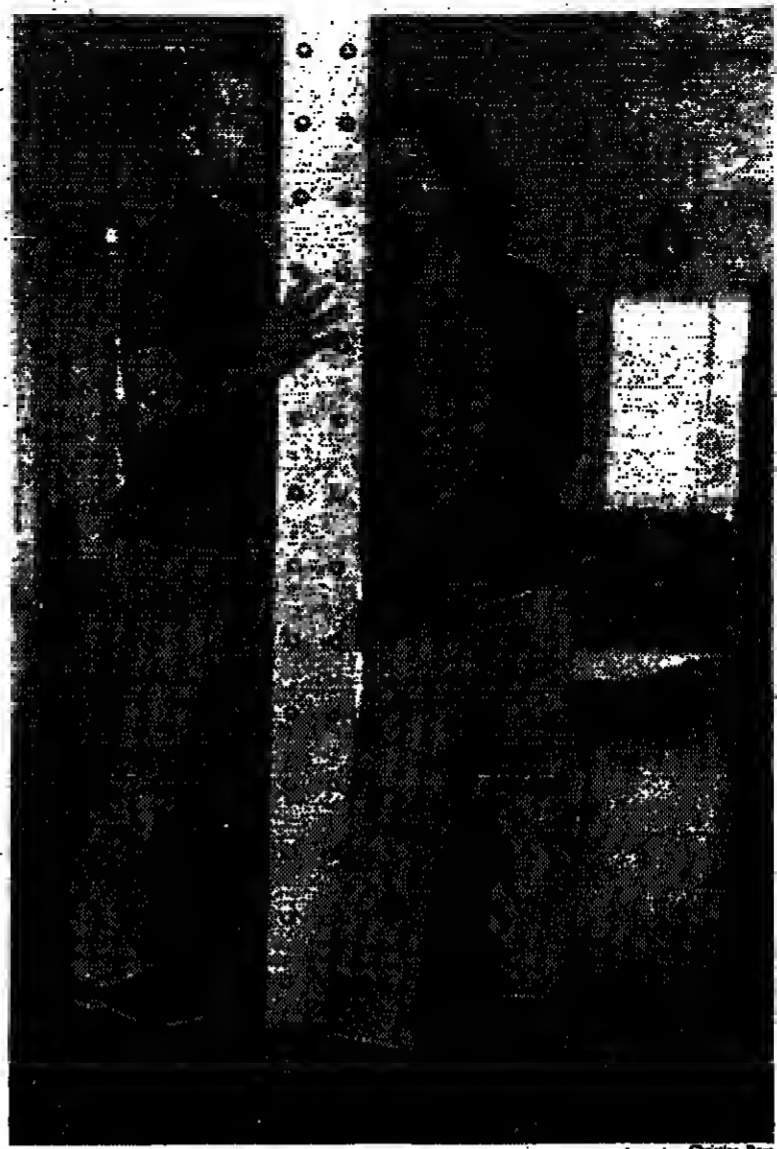
"Our father can write down any music he hears," Dweezil said with admiration. "He can look at music on a sheet of paper and hear it in his head." Yeah, that's what it's all about. I thought silently, avoiding another ambush. He continued: "I couldn't tell you what notes or chords I'm playing. I just know the relationship between what I hear and what it looks like on the instrument."

He did not express any plans to look deeper. I wondered if his literacy was limited to music. It is possible, however, that the definition is just changing. They are smart alecks, not dumb. But this was neither the time nor the place to ask what they were reading. They were not about to give up home-field advantage, and regulation time was running out.

"All our songs are political," Ahmet replied. "Particularly 'Kidz Cereal.' The politics in that song will chill you out." The song in question, sung by Ahmet, occupies a zappy place between nonsense and gore. Judging from "Shampoo Horn" (Food for Thought Records), the first album by their group, Z, which they were in town to promote, and their sold-out concert at New Morning, their band is some-where between heavy metal and grunge, not a very long span. You hear evidence of The Red Hot Chili Peppers, Living Color and Joe Satriani, and Ahmet draws blood putting on Ad Rox of Guns N' Roses (another easy target). The logo "AZ/DZ" in the album notes provides another clue.

Dweezil co-starred in the sitcom "Normal Life" with Moon Unit. In addition to having made several albums under his own name, including "My Guitar Wants to Kill Your Mama," he has worked with Don Johnson, Jellybean Baker, and Spinal Tap, and he composed songs for the Saturday morning TV show "Pee-wee's Playhouse." These credits read like e verse ridiculing the state of show business in our time by Frank Zappa.

Frank's abrasive persona can be swallowed if not whole at least with a grain of salt flavored by accomplishment. The



Ahmet, left, and Dweezil Zappa: Deceptively easy targets, but they shoot back.

son's version of his trigger-happy, hipper-than-thou, in-your-face attitude would be a lot more amusing if not for the suspicion that without their father's name, connections and money (they own a rehearsal room, this album would not be on the market let alone pushed. "We may seem silly," Dweezil said, "but the main thing is we don't want to be perceived as pompous. We're just out there to have fun. If people like it, so much the better."

Ahmet bared his teeth. "Lou Reed should blow himself away. He should get it over with as soon as possible and make a lot of people happy. We hate his music, it's the most overrated diabolical music I've heard. He has no talent at all. And he said some very cruel things about our father. He said something like, 'Frank Zappa couldn't write a good song even if you gave him a million dollars.' He went out of his way to work on one side of a particular stage where my father fell and hurt himself pretty badly during a concert. He thought that was a very funny thing to do. Lou Reed is the devil incarnate."

PEOPLE

A Linguist Boldly Goes Into Trekkie Territory

Klingon spoken here: Fans of the original "Star Trek" TV series will gather Aug. 15 to 28 at Red Lake Falls, in northwestern Minnesota, for what's billed as the first Klingon Language Camp. Klingons, the militant adversaries of the Federation, spoke English for the TV cameras but their own language in one of Paramount's movies. Glen Proche, a linguist, is helping organize the event even though he's not a big "Trekkie." "It has no direct practical application whatsoever, because nobody speaks it," he said. "Indirectly, it has all kinds of applications, as with any intellectual exercise." Yes, well anyway, as the Vulcan said: Live long and prosper. Stephen Hawking has made his acting debut on "Star Trek: The Next Generation." In the scene, the physicist and author of "A Brief History of Time," plays poker with Isaac Newton, Albert Einstein and an android.

David Letterman will wrap up his TV show for NBC on Friday night. His "Late Show with David Letterman" with the competition, CBS, starts Aug. 30.

Ed Harris will star in a film about Jackson Pollock, the irascible abstract expressionist whose turbulent life ended at the age of 44 in a car accident in 1956. Harris said he would co-produce the film with the art dealer James Trezza.

A prosecutor has demanded a four-year prison term with 18 months suspended for the son of the French actor Gerard Depardieu, Guillaume Depardieu, 22, who was charged with selling heroin, admitted in court that he had used the drug but said he has now quit.

Greece granted citizenship on Thursday to Christiaan Barnard, the South African surgeon who performed the world's first human heart transplant. Barnard, 70, told a newspaper in 1991 that he would leave the country because of growing political unrest. South Africans can hold dual citizenship.

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED
Appears on Pages 4 & 5

WEATHER

Weather forecast section including tables for Europe, Asia, North America, and Latin America, along with a map of Europe and a forecast for Saturday through Monday.

CROSSWORD

Crossword puzzle section with clues for Across and Down, a solution to the puzzle of June 24, and a grid for the puzzle.

If you're going to travel all over the map, here's how to call from almost any point on it.

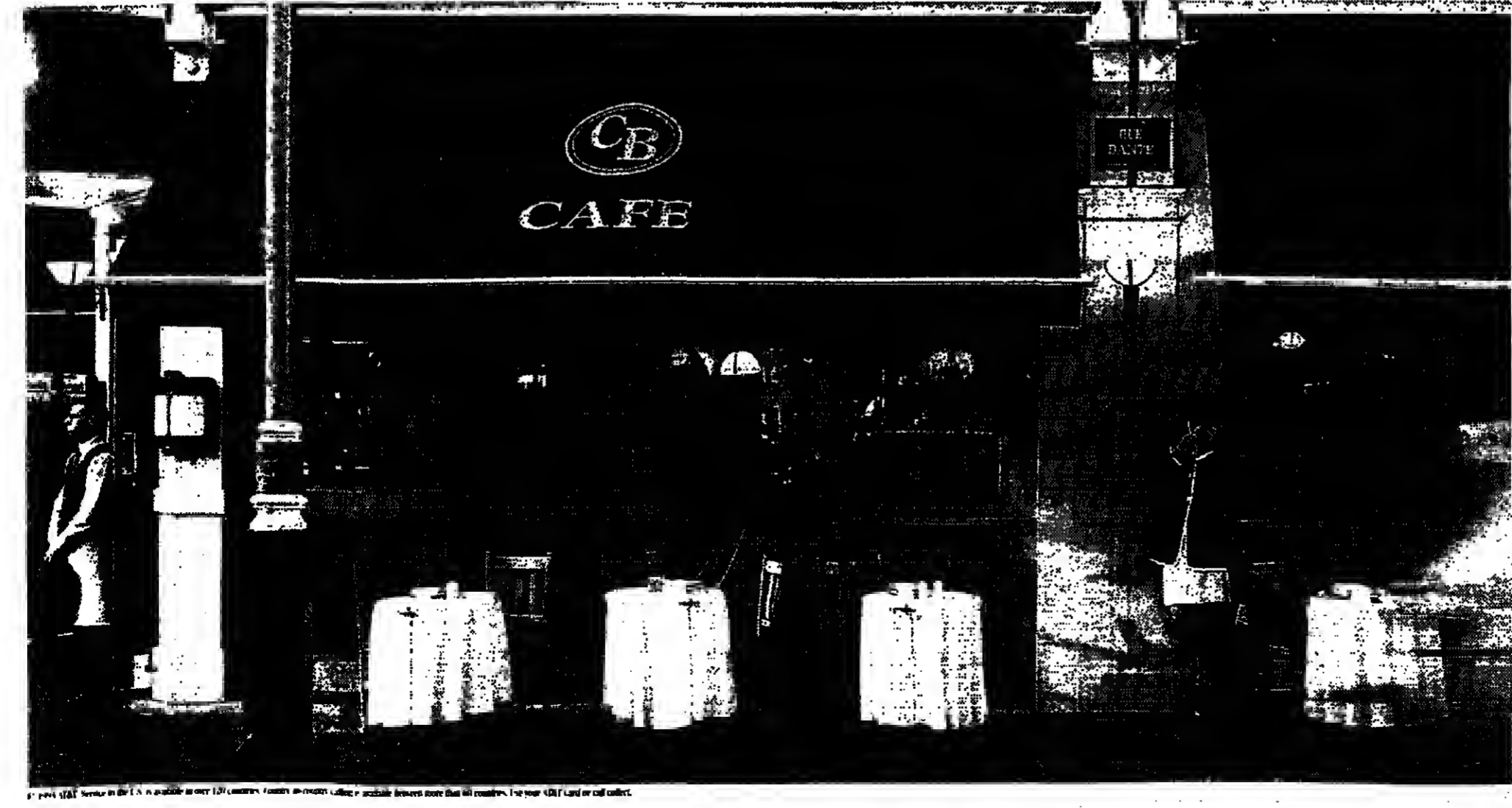


Table titled 'AT&T Access Numbers' listing international phone numbers for various countries including Australia, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, etc.

AT&T puts the world at your fingertips. Just dial the AT&T access number of the country you're calling from for quick, clear connections back to the U.S. and lots of other countries. International calling made simple is all part of 'The 3 Plan' from AT&T.

